

COMe-bRP6 (E2)

User Guide Rev. 1.1

kontron

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1. General Information

1.1 Disclaimer

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1.2 Intended Use

THIS DEVICE AND ASSOCIATED SOFTWARE ARE NOT DESIGNED, MANUFACTURED OR INTENDED FOR USE OR RESALE FOR THE OPERATION OF NUCLEAR FACILITIES, THE NAVIGATION, CONTROL OR COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS FOR AIRCRAFT OR OTHER TRANSPORTATION, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL, LIFE SUPPORT OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, WEAPONS SYSTEMS, OR ANY OTHER APPLICATION IN A HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENT, OR REQUIRING FAIL-SAFE PERFORMANCE, OR IN WHICH THE FAILURE OF PRODUCTS COULD LEAD DIRECTLY TO DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PHYSICAL OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE (COLLECTIVELY, “HIGH RISK APPLICATIONS”).

You understand and agree that your use of Kontron devices as a component in High Risk Applications is entirely at your risk. To minimize the risks associated with your products and applications, you should provide adequate design and operating safeguards. You are solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory, safety, and security related requirements concerning your products. You are responsible to ensure that your systems (and any Kontron hardware or software components incorporated in your systems) meet all applicable requirements. Unless otherwise stated in the product documentation, the Kontron device is not provided with error-tolerance capabilities and cannot therefore be deemed as being engineered, manufactured or setup to be compliant for implementation or for resale as device in High Risk Applications. All application and safety related information in this document (including application descriptions, suggested safety measures, suggested Kontron products, and other materials) is provided for reference only.



Handling and operation of the product is permitted only for trained personnel within a work place that is access controlled. Follow the “General Safety Instructions” supplied with the product.



You find the most recent version of the “General Safety Instructions” online in the download area of this product in our [Customer Section](#).



This product is not suited for storage or operation in corrosive environments, in particular under exposure to sulfur and chlorine and their compounds. For information on how to harden electronics and mechanics against these stress conditions, contact Kontron Support.

1.3 Terms and Conditions

Kontron warrants products in accordance with defined regional warranty periods. For more information about warranty compliance and conformity, and the warranty period in your region, visit <https://www.kontron.com/terms-and-conditions>.

Kontron sells products worldwide and declares regional General Terms & Conditions of Sale, and Purchase Order Terms & Conditions. Visit <https://www.kontron.com/terms-and-conditions>.

For contact information, refer to the corporate offices contact information on the last page of this user guide or visit our website [CONTACT US](#).

1.4 Customer Support

Find Kontron contacts by visiting: <https://www.kontron.com/en/support-and-services>.

1.5 Customer Service

As a trusted technology innovator and global solutions provider, Kontron extends its embedded market strengths into a services portfolio allowing companies to break the barriers of traditional product lifecycles. Proven product expertise coupled with collaborative and highly-experienced support enables Kontron to provide exceptional peace of mind to build and maintain successful products. For more details on Kontron's service offerings such as: enhanced repair services, extended warranty, Kontron training academy, and more visit <https://www.kontron.com/en/support-and-services>.

1.6 Customer Comments

If you have any difficulties using this user guide, discover an error, or just want to provide some feedback, contact [Kontron Support](#). Detail any errors you find. We will correct the errors or problems as soon as possible and post the revised user guide on our website.

1.7 Symbols

The following symbols may be used in this user guide of COMe-bRP6

simple Box



Info-Box



Important-Box



Alert-Box



Tip-Box



Help-Box



Todo-Box



Download-Box

1.8 For Your Safety

Your new Kontron product was developed and tested carefully to provide all features necessary to ensure its compliance with electrical safety requirements. It was also designed for a long fault-free life. However, the life expectancy of your product can be drastically reduced by improper treatment during unpacking and installation. Therefore, in the interest of your own safety and of the correct operation of your new Kontron product, you are requested to conform with the following guidelines.

1.9 High Voltage Safety Instructions

As a precaution and in case of danger, the power connector must be easily accessible. The power connector is the product's main disconnect device.



Warning

All operations on this product must be carried out by sufficiently skilled personnel only.



Electric Shock!

Before installing a non hot-swappable Kontron product into a system always ensure that your mains power is switched off. This also applies to the installation of piggybacks. Serious electrical shock hazards can exist during all installation, repair, and maintenance operations on this product. Therefore, always unplug the power cable and any other cables which provide external voltages before performing any work on this product. Earth ground connection to vehicle's chassis or a central grounding point shall remain connected. The earth ground cable shall be the last cable to be disconnected or the first cable to be connected when performing installation or removal procedures on this product.

1.10 Special Handling and Unpacking Instruction



ESD Sensitive Device!

Electronic boards and their components are sensitive to static electricity. Therefore, care must be taken during all handling operations and inspections of this product, in order to ensure product integrity at all times.

Do not handle this product out of its protective enclosure while it is not used for operational purposes

unless it is otherwise protected.

Whenever possible, unpack or pack this product only at EOS/ESD safe work stations. Where a safe work station is not guaranteed, it is important for the user to be electrically discharged before touching the product with his/her hands or tools. This is most easily done by touching a metal part of your system housing.

It is particularly important to observe standard anti-static precautions when changing piggybacks, ROM devices, jumper settings etc. If the product contains batteries for RTC or memory backup, ensure that the product is not placed on conductive surfaces, including anti-static plastics or sponges. They can cause short circuits and damage the batteries or conductive circuits on the product.

1.11 Lithium Battery Precautions

If your product is equipped with a lithium battery, take the following precautions when replacing the battery.



Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.

- Replace only with same or equivalent battery type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

1.12 General Instructions on Usage

In order to maintain Kontron's product warranty, this product must not be altered or modified in any way. Changes or modifications to the product, that are not explicitly approved by Kontron and described in this user guide or received from Kontron Support as a special handling instruction, will void your warranty.

This product should only be installed in or connected to systems that fulfill all necessary technical and specific environmental requirements. This also applies to the operational temperature range of the specific board version that must not be exceeded. If batteries are present, their temperature restrictions must be taken into account. In performing all necessary installation and application operations, only follow the instructions supplied by the present user guide.

Keep all the original packaging material for future storage or warranty shipments. If it is necessary to store or ship the product, then re-pack it in the same manner as it was delivered. Special care is necessary when handling or unpacking the product. See Special Handling and Unpacking Instruction.

1.13 Quality and Environmental Management

Kontron aims to deliver reliable high-end products designed and built for quality, and aims to complying with environmental laws, regulations, and other environmentally oriented requirements. For more information regarding Kontron's quality and environmental responsibilities, visit <https://www.kontron.com/en/quality-management>.

1.13.1 Disposal and Recycling

Kontron's products are manufactured to satisfy environmental protection requirements where possible. Many of the components used are capable of being recycled. Final disposal of this product after its service life must be accomplished in accordance with applicable country, state, or local laws or regulations.

1.13.2 WEEE Compliance

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive aims to:

- Reduce waste arising from electrical and electronic equipment (EEE)
- Make producers of EEE responsible for the environmental impact of their products, especially when the product become waste
- Encourage separate collection and subsequent treatment, reuse, recovery, recycling and sound environmental disposal of EEE
- Improve the environmental performance of all those involved during the lifecycle of EEE

Environmental protection is a high priority with Kontron.

Kontron follows the WEEE directive.

You are encouraged to return our products for proper disposal.

2. Introduction

This user guide describes the COM Express® Type 6 Basic Computer-On-Module COMe-bRP6 made by Kontron and focuses on describing the module's special features. Kontron recommends users to study this user guide before powering on the module.

2.1 Product Naming Clarification

COM Express® defines a Computer-On-Module (COM), with all the components necessary for a bootable host computer, packaged as a super component. The product name for Kontron COM Express® Computer-On-Modules consists of:

| Standard short form | Module form factor | Processor family identifier | Pinout type | Available temperature variants |
|---------------------|--|---|--|--|
| COMe- | b= basic (125mm x 95mm) c= compact (95mm x 95mm) m= mini (84mm x 55mm) | AP = Alder Lake P TL = Tiger Lake EL = Elkhart Lake etc. | 10 = Type 10 7 = Type 7 6 = Type 6 | Commercial (none) Extended (E1) Industrial (E2) Screened industrial (E2S) |

Table 1: COM Express® Product Naming Clarification

2.2 Product Description

The COMe-bRP6 is a basic form factor COM Express® type 6 Computer-On-Module designed for flexible implementation within multiple embedded industrial environments. It is based on a 13th Gen Intel® Core™ processor supporting up to 14 cores and 20 threads with Intel® Hybrid technology. The COMe-bRP6 features an optimized power-performance ratio with a power consumption of 15 to 45 W TDP (Thermal Design Power). The module also comes with up to 64 GB of DDR5 memory and up to 2.5 Gbit Ethernet. As storage medium, a NVMe SSD up to 1 TB can be optionally integrated onboard.

The COMe-bRP6 is ideally suited as a powerful successor for existing solutions, as it takes over their pin assignment and feature implementation. Typical applications include communication, digital signage, professional gaming and entertainment, medical imaging, surveillance and security, industrial edge computing as well as industrial plant-, machine- and robot-control at the shop floor level and from the control room.

Key features are:

- Up to 64 GByte DDR5 memory
- Up to 2.5 Gbit Ethernet with TSN support
- Optional NVMe SSD onboard
- Industrial grade versions

2.3 COM Express® Documentation

The COM Express® specification defines the COM Express® module form factor, pinout and signals. For more COM Express® specification information, visit the [PCI Industrial Computer Manufacturers Group \(PICMG®\)](#) website.

2.4 COM Express® Functionality

All Kontron COM Express® basic modules contain two 220-pin connectors, each of which has two rows called row A & B on the primary connector and row C & D on the secondary connector. The COM Express® basic type 6 Computer-On-Module features the following maximum amount of interfaces according to the PICMG module pinout type.

| Feature | Type 6 | COMe-bRP6 |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Gbit Ethernet | 1x | 1x up to 2.5GbE |
| PCI Express x1 | 8x | 5x PCIe 3.0 (6x without Ethernet, up to 8x without Ethernet & SATA or alternatively 8x with additional PCIe Switch) |
| PCI Express x16 (PEG) | 1x | 2x4 PCIe 4.0 on PEG Lanes #0-7 1x8 PCIe 4.0 on PEG Lanes #8-15 (H-series only) |
| USB | 4x USB 3.2 Gen 2 8x USB 2.0 | 4x USB 3.2 Gen2 (incl. USB 2.0) + 4x USB 2.0 |
| DDI | 3x | 3x DP++ (DDI1-3) |
| LVDS/eDP | 1x Dual Channel | 1x Dual Channel 18/24bit (eDP instead of LVDS) |
| VGA | 1x | 1x (optional) |
| SATA | 4x | 2x SATA Gen3 |
| HD Audio | 1x | 1x |
| SPI | 1x | 1x |
| GSPI | 1x | 1x |
| eSPI/LPC | 1x | 1x |
| SMB | 1x | 1x |
| I2C | 1x | 1x |
| UART | 2x | 2x |
| GPIO | 8x | 8x |

Table 2: Type 6 and COMe-bRP6 functionality

2.5 COM Express® Benefits

COM Express® defines a Computer-On-Module (COM), with all the components necessary for a bootable host computer, packaged as a highly integrated computer. All Kontron COM Express® modules are very compact and feature a standardized form factor and a standardized connector layout that carry a specified set of signals. Each COM module is based on the COM Express® specification. This standardization allows designers to create a single-system carrier board that can accept present and future COM Express® modules.

The carrier board designer can optimize exactly how each of these functions implements physically. Designers can place connectors precisely where needed for the application, on a carrier board optimally designed to fit a system's packaging.

A single carrier board design can use a range of COM Express® modules with different sizes and pinouts. This flexibility differentiates products at various price and performance points and provides a built-in upgrade path when designing future-proof systems. The modularity of a COM Express® solution also ensures against obsolescence when computer technology evolves. A properly designed COM Express® carrier board can work with several successive generations of COM Express® modules.

A COM Express® carrier board design has many advantages of a customized computer-board design and, additionally, delivers better obsolescence protection, heavily reduced engineering effort, and faster time to market.

3. Product Specification

3.1 Module Variants

The COMe-bRP6 is available in different processor and temperature variants to cover demands in performance, price and power.

3.1.1 Commercial Grade Modules (0°C to +60°C)

| Part Number | Product Name | Description |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--|
| 38040-0000-25-7 | COMe-bRP6 i7-13800HE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i7-13800HE, 6×2.5GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |
| 38040-0000-27-5 | COMe-bRP6 i5-13600HE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i5-13600HE, 4×2.7GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |
| 38040-0000-21-3 | COMe-bRP6 i3-13300HE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i3-13300HE, 4×2.1GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |
| 38040-0000-19-7 | COMe-bRP6 i7-1370PE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i7-1370PE, 6×1.9GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |
| 38040-0000-18-5 | COMe-bRP6 i5-1350PE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i5-1350PE, 4×1.8GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |
| 38040-0000-17-3 | COMe-bRP6 i3-1320PE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i3-1320PE, 4×1.7GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM |

Table 3: Commercial Grade Modules (0°C to +60°C operating)

3.1.2 Extended Temperature Grade Modules (E1, -25°C to +75°C)

There are none versions planned for E1 temperature range (-25°C to +75°C) due to Intel® DTR (Dynamic Temperature Range) limitation.



For further information on Intel® DTR (Dynamic Temperature Range) limitation, see chapter 3.3.5 or contact [Kontron Support](#) team.

3.1.3 Industrial Temperature Grade Modules (E2, -40°C to +85°C)

| Part Number | Product Name | Description |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 38041-0000-25-7 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i7-13800HRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i7-13800HRE, 6×2.5GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |
| 38041-0000-27-5 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i5-13600HRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i5-13600HRE, 4×2.7GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |
| 38041-0000-21-3 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i3-13300HRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i3-13300HRE, 4×2.1GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |
| 38041-0000-19-7 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i7-1370PRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i7-1370PRE, 6×1.9GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |
| 38041-0000-18-5 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i5-1350PRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i5-1350PRE, 4×1.8GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |
| 38041-0000-17-3 | COMe-bRP6 E2 i3-1320PRE | COM Express® basic pin-out type 6 Computer-on-Module with Intel® Core™ i3-1320PRE, 4×1.7GHz, 2x DDR5 non-ECC SO-DIMM, industrial temperature grade |

Table 4: Industrial Temperature Grade Modules (-40°C to +85°C operating)

3.2 Accessories

Accessories are product specific, COMe-type 6 specific or general COMe accessories. For more information, contact your local Kontron Sales Representative or Kontron Inside Sales.

| Part Number | Carrier | Description |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 38116-0000-00-0 | COMe Eval Carrier2 T6 | COM Express® Eval Carrier 2 Type 6 with 8mm COMe connector |
| 38116-0000-00-5 | COMe Eval Carrier2 T6 5mm | COM Express® Eval Carrier 2 Type 6 with 5mm COMe connector |
| Part Number | Cooling | Description |
| 38040-0000-99-0 | HSP COMe-bRP6 Cu-core threaded | Heatspreader for COMe-bRP6, Cu-core, threaded mounting holes |
| 38040-0000-99-1 | HSP COMe-bRP6 Cu-core through | Heatspreader for COMe-bRP6, Cu-core, through mounting holes |
| 38025-0000-99-0C05 | HSK COMe-Basic active (w/o HSP) | Active Cooler for COMe-bRP6/bxL6/bV26/bDV7/bID7 to be mounted on HSP |
| 38025-0000-99-0C06 | HSK COMe-Basic passive (w/o HSP) | Passive Cooler for COMe-bRP6/bxL6/bV26/bDV7/bID7 to be mounted on HSP |
| Part Number | Fan Cables | Description |
| 96079-0000-00-0 | KAB-HSP 200mm | Cable adapter for FAN to module connection with cable length 200mm |
| 96079-0000-00-2 | KAB-HSP 40mm | Cable adapter for FAN to module connection with cable length 40mm |
| Part Number | Mounting | Description |
| 38017-0000-00-0 | COMe Mount Kit 8mm 1set | Mounting Kit for 1 module with screws for 8mm COMe connector |
| 38017-0000-00-5 | COMe Mount Kit 5mm 1set | Mounting Kit for 1 module with screws for 5mm COMe connector |
| Part Number | Memory | Description |
| 97040-3248-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 32GB_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 32GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (0°C to +60°C) |
| 97040-1648-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 16GB_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 16GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (0°C to +60°C) |
| 97040-0848-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 8GB_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 8GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (0°C to +60°C) |
| 97041-3248-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 32GB E2_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 32GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (-40°C to +85°C) |
| 97041-1648-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 16GB E2_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 16GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (-40°C to +85°C) |
| 97041-0848-BRP6 | DDR5-4800 SODIMM 8GB E2_BRP6 | DDR5-4800, 8GB, 262P, 2400MHz, PC5-4800 SODIMM (-40°C to +85°C) |

Table 5: Accessories

3.3 Functional Specification

3.3.1 Technical Data

| Function | Definition |
|----------------------------|---|
| Compliance | COM Express® Basic Pin-out Type 6 |
| Dimension (H X W) | 125 x 95 mm |
| Processors | Intel® 13 th Generation Core™ family: Core™ i7-13800HE, Core™ i5-13600HE, Core™ i3-13300HE, Core™ i7-13800HRE, Core™ i5-13600HRE, Core™ i3-13300HRE, Core™ i7-1370PE, Core™ i5-1350PE, Core™ i3-1320PE, Core™ i7-1370PRE, Core™ i5-1350PRE, Core™ i3-1320PRE |
| Chipset | Integrated SoC |
| Main Memory | 2x DDR5 SO-DIMM with up to 32 GByte per channel (non-ECC) |
| Graphics Controller | Intel® Iris® Xe Graphics on i7/i5 processors Intel® UHD Graphics on i3 processors |
| Display | DDI1: DP++, DDI2: DP++, DDI3: DP++, VGA: -, LVDS: Dual Channel 18/24bit |
| Ethernet Controller | Intel® I226LM/I226IT |
| Ethernet | Up to 2.5 Gb Ethernet with TSN support (ind. SKUs only) |
| Storage | 2x SATA 6 Gb/s |
| Flash Onboard | Up to 1 TByte NVMe SSD (on request) |
| PCI Express | 5x PCIe 3.0 (On request: 6x without Ethernet, up to 8x without Ethernet & SATA or alternatively 8x with additional PCIe Switch) 2x 4 PCIe 4.0 on PEG Lanes #0-7 1x 8 PCIe 4.0 on PEG Lanes #8-15 (H-series only) |
| USB | 4x USB 3.2 Gen2 (incl. USB 2.0) + 4x USB 2.0 |
| Serial | 2x serial interface (RX/TX only) |
| Audio | High Definition Audio interface |
| Other Features | (G)SPI, LPC, SMB, Fast I ² C, Staged Watchdog, RTC |
| Special Features | Trusted Platform Module TPM 2.0 |
| Features on Request | vPRO (AMT/TXT/AES Support), eDP instead of LVDS, VGA, USB-C, up to 3x PCIe x1 additional w/o Ethernet & SATA, NVMe SSD, Fail Safe via 2nd SPI Flash |
| Power Management | ACPI 6.0 |
| Power Supply | 8.5 V - 20 V Wide Range, Single Supply Power |
| BIOS | AMI Aptio V |
| Operating Systems | Windows®10, Linux, VxWorks (project based) |
| Temperature | Commercial temperature: 0 °C to +60 °C operating, -30 °C to +85 °C non-operating Industrial temperature: -40 °C to +85 °C operating, -40 °C to +85 °C non-operating |
| Humidity | 93 % relative Humidity at 40 °C, non-condensing (according to IEC 60068-2-78) |

Table 6: Technical Data

3.3.2 Block Diagram

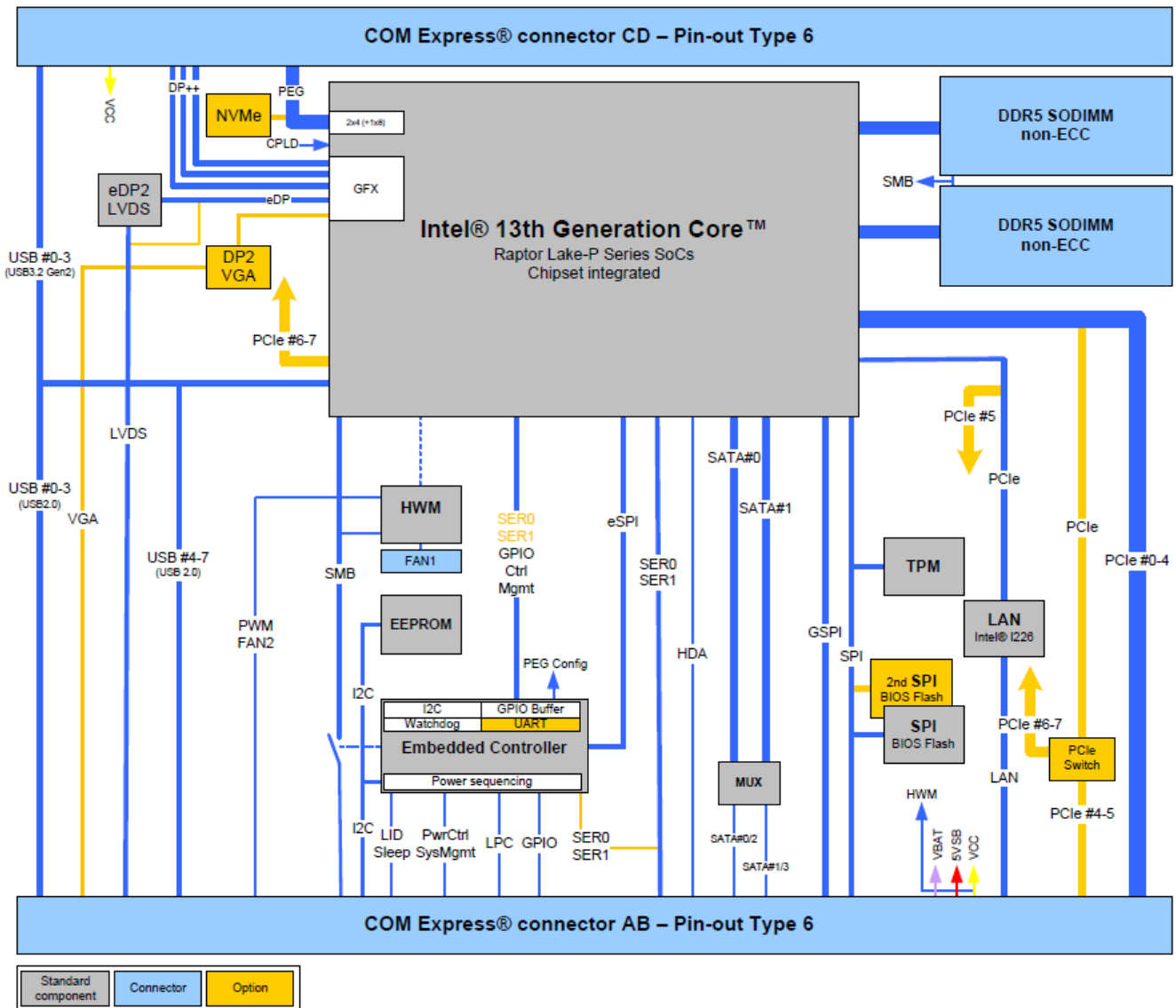


Figure 1: Block Diagram COMe-brp6

3.3.3 Front View

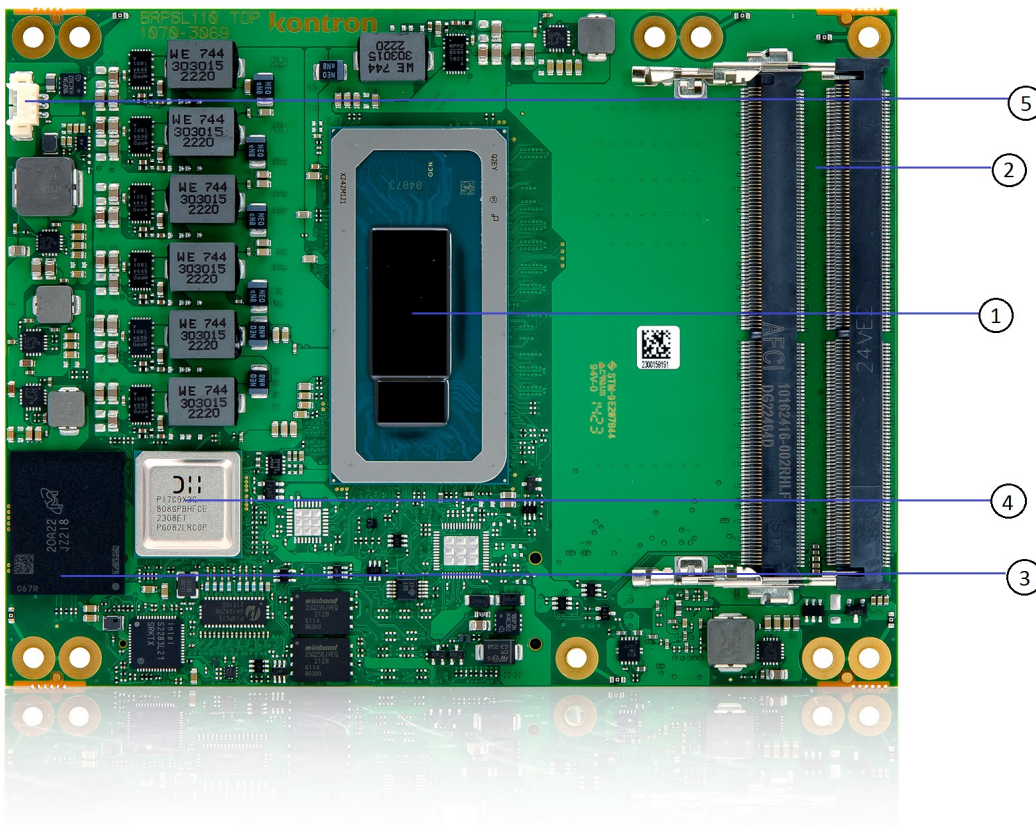


Figure 2: Front View COMe-bRP6

1. SoC - Processor (CPU) & Chipset (PCH)
2. DDR5 SO-DIMM sockets
3. Optional NVMe SSD
4. Optional PCIe Switch
5. 3-pin fan connector

3.3.4 Rear View

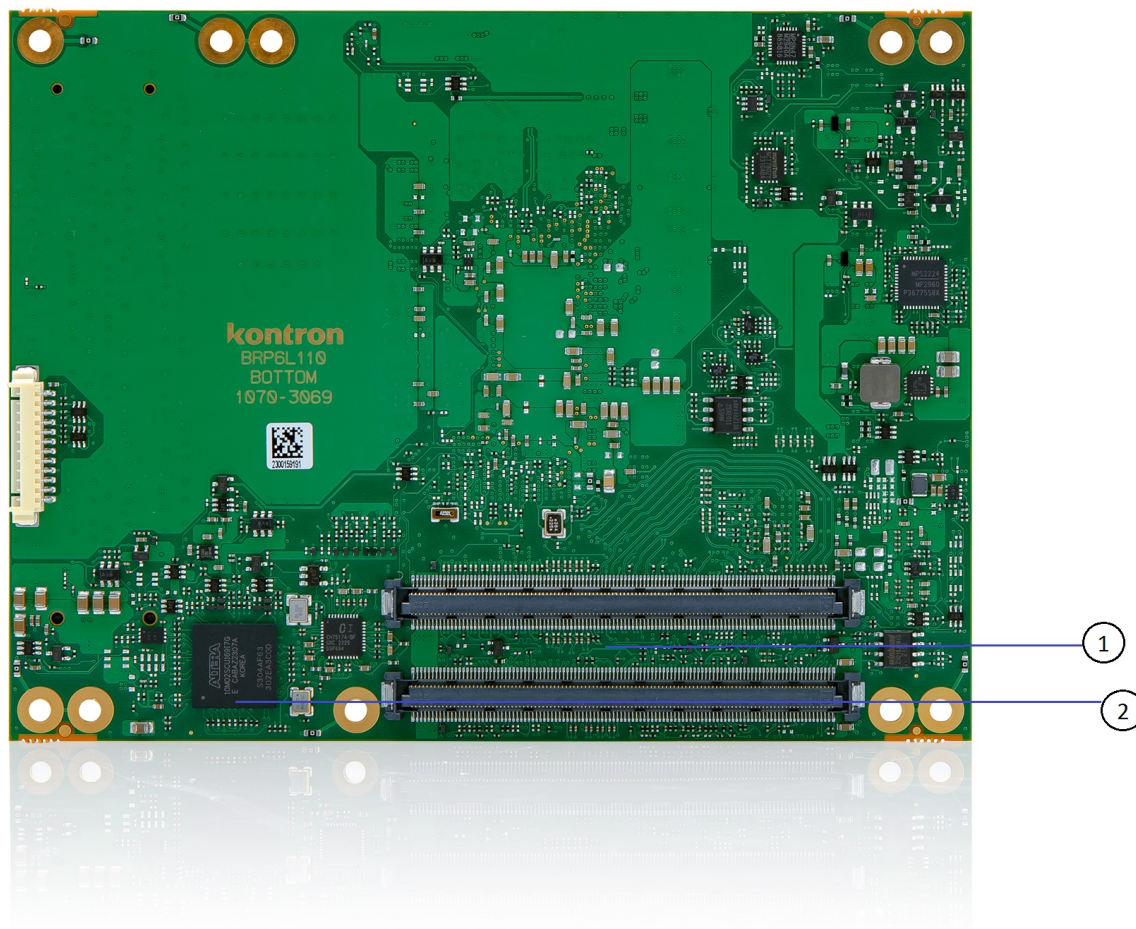


Figure 3: Rear View COMe-bRP6

1. COMe connectors
2. Embedded Controller

3.3.5 Processor (CPU)

The 13th Gen Intel® Core™ mobile processors combine power efficiency, performance, flexibility, and industrial-grade features to drive success for demanding AI, graphics, and rugged edge use cases. This new generation offers a performance hybrid architecture with up to 14 cores and flexible processor base power from 15W to 45W.

13th Gen Intel Core mobile processors also offer enhanced Intel® Iris® X^e Graphics for fast, power-efficient parallel AI processing and immersive visual experiences. And with industrial-grade features and ruggedized SKUs, this lineup will enable advanced intelligence and real-time performance in the most-challenging environments.

Key features are:

- Intel® 7 process technology
- Up to 14 cores, up to 20 threads in IoT SKUs
- Up to 24 MB Intel® Smart Cache
- Processor base power range of 15W to 45W
- Intel® Iris® X^e Graphics with up to 96 execution units (EUs)
- Support for up to four concurrent displays at up to 4K resolution or one display at 8K resolution
- Pipelock video synchronization for Windows, graphics and display virtualization
- Intel® Deep Learning Boost (Intel® DL Boost) with VNNI instructions
- Up to DDR5-4800; LP5x-6400
- Up to 8 lanes PCIe 4.0 + 8 lanes PCIe 5.0 (H-series) off the CPU, up to 12 lanes PCIe 3.0 off the PCH
- Intel vPro® platform eligible on select SKUs
- Long-life availability
- Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 2021 LTSC, Yocto Project Linux, UEFI, Slim Bootloader
- Thunderbolt™ 4 or USB 4
- Integrated 1GbE port, 2.5GbE discrete LAN
- Support for Intel® TCC/TSN on ind. SKUs
- IB ECC memory on ind. SKUs
- Extended temperature (-40°C to 100°C Tjmax) on ind. SKUs

| Processor Number | Processor Cores | Number of P-cores | Number of E-cores | Number of Threads | Intel® Smart Cache (L3) | P-Core Base Freq (GHz) | E-Core Base Freq (GHz) | Max P-Core Turbo Freq (GHz) | Max E-Core Turbo Freq (GHz) | Processor Graphics | Number of Execution Units (EUs) | Intel vPro® Platform |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Intel® Core™ i7-13800H(R)E processor | 14 | 6 | 8 | 20 | 24MB | 2.5 (@45W) 1.8 (@35W) | 1.8 | Up to 5.0 | Up to 4.0 | Intel® Iris® X ^e Graphics | 96 | Yes |
| Intel® Core™ i5-13600H(R)E processor | 12 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 18MB | 2.7 (@45W) 1.9 (@35W) | 1.9 | Up to 4.8 | Up to 3.6 | Intel® Iris® X ^e Graphics | 80 | Yes |
| Intel® Core™ i3-13300H(R)E processor | 8 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 12MB | 2.1 (@45W) 1.2 (@35W) | 1.5 | Up to 4.6 | Up to 3.4 | Intel® UHD Graphics | 48 | No |

Table 7: Processor lineup - 13th Gen Intel® Core™ processors (H-series 45W)

| Processor Number | Processor Cores | Number of P-cores | Number of E-cores | Number of Threads | Intel® Smart Cache (L3) | P-Core Base Freq (GHz) | E-Core Base Freq (GHz) | Max P-Core Turbo Freq (GHz) | Max E-Core Turbo Freq (GHz) | Processor Graphics | Number of Execution Units (EUs) | Intel vPro® Platform |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Intel® Core™ i7-1370P(R)E processor | 14 | 6 | 8 | 20 | 24MB | 1.9 (@28W) 1.3 (@20W) | 1.2 | Up to 4.8 | Up to 3.7 | Intel® Iris® Xe Graphics | 96 | Yes |
| Intel® Core™ i5-1350P(R)E processor | 12 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 12MB | 1.8 (@28W) 1.2 (@20W) | 1.3 | Up to 4.6 | Up to 3.4 | Intel® Iris® Xe Graphics | 80 | Yes |
| Intel® Core™ i3-1320P(R)E processor | 8 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 12MB | 1.7 (@28W) 1.2 (@20W) | 1.2 | Up to 4.5 | Up to 3.3 | Intel® UHD Graphics | 48 | No |

Table 8: Processor lineup - 13th Gen Intel® Core™ processors (P-series 28W)

Intel® DTR (Dynamic Temperature Range)

For this processor family the Dynamic Temperature Range (DTR) behavior applies. DTR is the temperature range the processor can operate in. The temperature range starts with the temperature of the processor (T_j = junction temperature) at boot time and can transition to a lower and/or higher temperature within the T_j min and T_j max limits.

E.g.: T_j min = -40°, the T_j max = 100°C and the DTR = +-90°C

T_{Boot} = -40°C: the processor can operate from -40°C up to + 50°C

T_{Boot} = -20°C: the processor can operate from -40°C up to + 70°C

T_{Boot} = +20°C: the processor can operate from -40°C up to + 100°C

A T_j outside of the DTR range requires a cold reset but is not enforced by the hardware.



The behavior is described in [Intel whitepaper 814861](#) as DTR = Dynamic Temperature Range. Please contact Kontron Support for further information.

| CPU Use Condition | Embedded Broad Market Commercial Temp | Industrial Extended Temp |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| CPU T_j Min. | 0°C | -40°C |
| CPU T_j Max. | 100°C | 100°C |
| DTR (Cold to Hot Transition) | T _{Boot} + 70°C | T _{Boot} + 110°C |
| DTR (Hot to Cold Transition) | T _{Boot} - 70°C | T _{Boot} - 110°C |

Table 9: DTR values and limits

3.3.6 Plattform Controller Hub (PCH)

The 13th Gen Intel® Core™ mobile SoCs provide an On-Package PCH based on the Intel® 700 Series Chipset family.

3.3.7 System Memory

The COMe-bRP6 uses a Dual-Channel memory configuration with two DDR5 SODIMMs which enables a maximum system memory capacity of 64 GByte. Depending on the internal structure of used RAM chips a maximum transfer rate of 4800 MT/s can be achieved. IB ECC (In-Band error-correcting code) is supported by the integrated PCH of the 13th Gen Intel® Core™ mobile SoCs. The following table summarizes the specific system memory features:

| | |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Type | SODIMM DDR5-4800 |
| Densities | 16 Gbit |
| Channels | 2 |
| Capacity (max.) | 64 GByte |
| Speed (max.) | 4800 MT/s |
| ECC/IB ECC | Yes |

Table 10: System Memory

The two SODIMM memory sockets are located on the top side of the module where socket one is 4 mm and socket two is 8 mm high. Each socket may be populated with a DDR5 SODIMM mounted horizontally.

In general, memory modules have a much lower longevity than the corresponding COM Express® boards. Therefore an EOL of the memory modules may occur several times during the lifetime of the board. Kontron guarantees to maintain memory modules regularly and to replace EOL memory modules with another qualified module.

At least, it is recommended to use Kontron memory modules for prototype system(s) in order to prove the stability of the system and as a reference. For volume production, if required, it is possible to test and qualify other types of similar memory modules. In order to qualify these it is recommended to configure three systems running a RAM Stress Test program in a heat chamber at 60°C resp. 85°C, for a minimum of 24 hours.



For a list of Kontron memory modules, see chapter 3.2

3.3.8 High-Speed Interface Overview

The On-Package PCH of the 13th Gen Intel® Core™ mobile SoCs offers 12 High-Speed I/O lanes. The following table shows the internal High-Speed I/O lane multiplexing in the PCH and the default usage on the COMe-bRP6.

| HSIO Lane# | HSIO Type | COMe-bRP6 Default | COMe-bRP6 Option | COMe Ports |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 0 | USB3.2 / PCIe #1 | USB3.2 #1 | USB3.2 #1 | USB3.2 #0 |
| 1 | USB3.2 / PCIe #2 | USB3.2 #2 | USB3.2 #2 | USB3.2 #1 |
| 2 | USB3.2 / PCIe #3 | USB3.2 #3 | USB3.2 #3 | USB3.2 #2 |
| 3 | USB3.2 / PCIe #4 | USB3.2 #4 | USB3.2 #4 | USB3.2 #3 |
| 4 | PCIe #5 | PCIe #5 | PCIe #5 | PCIe #0 |
| 5 | PCIe #6 | PCIe #6 | PCIe #6 | PCIe #1 |
| 6 | PCIe #7 / GbE | PCIe #7 | PCIe #7 | PCIe #2 |
| 7 | PCIe #8 / GbE | PCIe #8 | PCIe #8 | PCIe #3 |
| 8 | PCIe #9 / GbE / UFS | PCIe #9 | PCIe #9 | PCIe #4 |
| 9 | PCIe #10 / UFS | ETH | PCIe #10 | ETH / PCIe #5 |
| 10 | PCIe #11 / SATA 0 | SATA 0 | PCIe #11 / SATA 2 | SATA 0/2 / PCIe #6 |
| 11 | PCIe #12 / SATA 1 | SATA 1 | PCIe #12 / SATA 3 | SATA 1/3 / PCIe #7 |

Table 11: HSIO Mapping

3.4 Interfaces

3.4.1 PCI Express

COM Express® Type 6 modules support up to 24 PCI Express lanes. A subset of these PCI Express lanes are commonly used as PCI Express Graphics (PEG) lanes.

General Purpose PCI Express 3.0

| COMe | PCH HSIO Lane# | Used HSIO Type | Supported Lane Configuration | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------|----|----|
| PCIE_0 | 4 | PCIe #5 | x1 | x2 | x4 |
| PCIE_1 | 5 | PCIe #6 | x1 | | |
| PCIE_2 | 6 | PCIe #7 | x1 | x2 | |
| PCIE_3 | 7 | PCIe #8 | x1 | | |
| PCIE_4 | 8 | PCIe #9 | x1 | x2 | x4 |
| PCIE_5 (w/o ETH) | 9 | PCIe #10 | x1 | | |
| PCIE_6 (w/o SATA 0/2) | 10 | PCIe #11 | x1 | x2 | |
| PCIE_7 (w/o SATA 1/3) | 11 | PCIe #12 | x1 | | |

Table 12: General Purpose PCIe Gen3

As COMe PCIE_5, 6 and 7 are used for Ethernet and SATA by default, these ports are only available as a configuration option (see chapter 3.3.8). This also applies to the related PCIe lane configurations.

COMe PCIE_4 can alternatively be connected to an optional PCIe Switch in order to extend the General Purpose PCIe Gen3 lanes by PCIe [4:7] Gen2.

PCI Express Graphics 4.0/5.0 (PEG)

In addition to the PCIe Gen3 lanes provided by the On-Package PCH, up to 16 additional PCIe Gen4/5 lanes are provided by the CPU which are routed to the PEG ports on the COMe-bRP6.

| COMe | CPU | Supported Lane Configuration | PCIe Gen |
|------------------|------------|------------------------------|----------|
| PEG_0 | PCIEX4_A_0 | x4 | Gen4 |
| PEG_1 | PCIEX4_A_1 | | Gen4 |
| PEG_2 | PCIEX4_A_2 | | Gen4 |
| PEG_3 | PCIEX4_A_3 | | Gen4 |
| PEG_4 (w/o NVMe) | PCIEX4_B_0 | x4 | Gen4 |
| PEG_5 (w/o NVMe) | PCIEX4_B_1 | | Gen4 |
| PEG_6 (w/o NVMe) | PCIEX4_B_2 | | Gen4 |
| PEG_7 (w/o NVMe) | PCIEX4_B_3 | | Gen4 |

| COMe | CPU | Supported Lane Configuration | PCIe Gen |
|--------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| PEG_8 | PCIEX8_0 | x8 | Gen5 |
| PEG_9 | PCIEX8_1 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_10 | PCIEX8_2 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_11 | PCIEX8_3 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_12 | PCIEX8_4 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_13 | PCIEX8_5 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_14 | PCIEX8_6 | | Gen5 |
| PEG_15 | PCIEX8_7 | | Gen5 |

Table 13: PCI Express Graphics Gen4/5 (PEG)

The PCIEx4_A lanes can either be connected to COMe PEG lanes [0:3] or to an optional PCIe Switch in order to extend the General Purpose PCIe Gen3 lanes by PCIe [4:7].

The PCIEX4_B lanes can either be connected to COMe PEG lanes [4:7] or to an optional onboard NVMe Flash SSD.

Processor x4 and x8 PCIe Gen4/5 interface does not support further bifurcation configurations. Moreover, it supports fixed lane reversal only.

The PCIEX8 lanes are only available on H-Series SKUs.



The default PCIe configuration of the COMe-bRP6 is 5×1 + 2×4 (+ 1×8). To change the default PCIe configuration (5×1), a new BIOS version is required. For BIOS version information, visit [Kontron's Customer Section](#) or contact [Kontron Support](#).



Full PCIe Gen5 capabilities are not expected due to general COM Express® connector limitation

3.4.2 Universal Serial Bus (USB)

COM Express® Type 6 boards provide up to eight USB 2.0 ports. Up to four of these can be used as USB 3.2 Gen 1 or Gen 2 ports.

Each USB 3.2 port implemented is comprised of a USB 2.0 port and an USB SuperSpeed TX pair and RX pair.

Therefore, the number of available USB 2.0 only ports decreases with every used USB 3.2 Gen 1 or Gen 2 port.

The COMe-bRP6 offers four USB 3.2 Gen 2 ports with 10 Gb/s (including USB 2.0) and four dedicated USB 2.0 ports.

| COMe | PCH USB Port | Description |
|------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| USB0 | USB32_1 USB2_1 | USB 3.2 Gen 2×1 (10 Gb/s) or USB 2.0 |
| USB1 | USB32_2 USB2_2 | USB 3.2 Gen 2×1 (10 Gb/s) or USB 2.0 |
| USB2 | UBS32_3 USB2_3 | USB 3.2 Gen 2×1 (10 Gb/s) or USB 2.0 |
| USB3 | USB32_4 USB2_4 | USB 3.2 Gen 2×1 (10 Gb/s) or USB 2.0 |
| USB4 | USB2_5 | USB 2.0 (dedicated) |
| USB5 | USB2_6 | USB 2.0 (dedicated) |
| USB6 | USB2_7 | USB 2.0 (dedicated) |
| USB7 | USB2_8 | USB 2.0 (dedicated) |

Table 14: USB 3.2 Gen 2 / USB 2.0 Port Configuration

3.4.3 Serial ATA (SATA)

COM Express® Type 6 modules support up to four SATA ports.

The COMe-bRP6 offers two SATA Gen 3 ports with 6 Gb/s.

| COMe | PCH HSIO Lane# | HSIO Type | Description |
|-------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| SATA0 | 10 | SATA 0 | SATA 6 Gb/s |
| SATA1 | 11 | SATA 1 | SATA 6 Gb/s |
| SATA2 | - | - | Optional instead of SATA 0 |
| SATA3 | - | - | Optional instead of SATA 1 |

Table 15: SATA Port Connections

SATA2/3 can be used optional instead of SATA0/1 via the appropriate configuration in the BIOS setup.

3.4.4 Ethernet

The Intel® I226LM/IT Ethernet Controller is connected to PCH HSIO Lane #9 (PCIe #10) to provide 2500BASE-T to the carrier.

3.4.5 Graphics Interfaces

COM Express® Type 6 boards can support up to three Digital Display Interfaces (DDI) to provide DisplayPort and HDMI/DVI modes, a single or dual channel 18/24 bit LVDS panel interface and an eDP overlaid on LVDS Channel A. The manner in which LVDS or eDP operation is chosen is vendor dependent.

The COMe-bRP6 implements the Intel® Iris® X^e Graphics architecture with up to 96 Execution Units (EUs) depending on the processor variant. With up to four display pipes the modules support up to four concurrent displays at up to 4K resolution or one 8K display.



If more than one active display port is connected, then the processor frequency may be lower than base frequency in thermally limited scenarios.

| | Raptor Lake-P |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Displays | 4 Display Pipes - 4 Independent Displays - 4x4K60 HDR |
| HDMI | Native HDMI 2.1 TMDS compatible HDMI 2.1 via DP to HDMI protocol convertor |
| DP | DP2.1 (up to UHBR20) via TCSS w/ Hayden Bridge DP 1.4a HBR3 w/ VDSC 1.1 8K60 HDR external display |
| eDP | eDP 1.4b HBR3 w/ VDSC 1.1, 5K120 HDR internal panel |
| 3D Graphics HW Acceleration | DX12, Mesa 3D, Open GL 4.6, Vulkan 1.2 |
| HW Media Acceleration | OneVPL |
| HW Video Decode | 8K60 12b 4:2:0 HEVC/VP9/SCC 8K30 10b 4:2:0 AV1 5K60 10b 4:4:4 HEVC/VP9/SCC 4K60 8b 4:2:0 AVC |
| HW Video Encode | 8K30 or 5K60 8b/10b 4:2:0 HEVC/VP9/SCC 4K60 10b 4:4:4 HEVC/VP9/SCC 4K60 8b 4:2:0 AVC |
| Content Protection | HDCP 2.3 |

Table 16: Display and Media Capabilities



Please check in detail the graphics capabilities of the used CPU as these may differ depending on the SKU.

The COMe module offers three DDI (DP++) ports which can be used as HDMI via a passive DP-to-HDMI adapter. Additionally an eDP-to-LVDS bridge supports 18/24 bit LVDS by default. Furthermore VGA can be provided by an optional DP2VGA Bridge to support corresponding legacy applications or for maintenance purposes.

| COMe Port/ Display Type | CPU Port | Description |
|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| DDI1 (DP++) | TCP0 | Standard on all product variants |
| DDI2 (DP++) | TCP1 | Standard on all product variants |
| DDI3 (DP++) | TCP2 | Standard on all product variants |
| VGA | TCP3 | Optional via DP2VGA Bridge |
| LVDS/eDP | DDIA | LVDS (default), eDP (option) |

Table 17: COMe-bRP6 Graphics Interfaces



Kontron recommends only using a DP-to-HDMI or DP-to-DVI passive adapter that is compliant to the DP Dual-Mode standard. If adapters are used with FET level shifter for DCC translation, display detection issues may occur.



To increase link margin, at 4K resolution a DP redriver on the carrier is recommended.



Kontron strongly recommends the use of flat panels that support Extended Display Identification data (EDID) when connecting to the LVDS interface.



An external LVDS EEPROM can be connected to the LVDS-I2C bus at COMe connector pins A83 and A84. Don't connect other devices to this bus.

3.4.6 Audio Interfaces

COM Express® Type 6 modules can support following audio interfaces:

- SoundWire
- HD Audio

The COMe-bRP6 provides HD Audio by default using the processor's DDIs and carrier board audio using a HDA codec. SoundWire can be offered as an untested assembly option.

3.4.7 UART Serial Ports

Two TTL compatible two wire asynchronous serial ports are available on COM Express® module Types 6, 7 and 10.

| COMe Signal |
|-------------|
| SER0_TX |
| SER0_RX |
| SER1_TX |
| SER1_RX |

Table 18: UART Serial Ports

Data out is on the _TX pins. Hardware handshaking and hardware flow control are not supported. The module asynchronous serial ports are intended for general purpose use and for use with debugging software that make use of the “console redirect” features available in many operating systems.

On the COMe-bRP6 both serial ports are provided via PCIe by the On-Package PCH by default. For Windows/Linux appropriate drivers are delivered by the corresponding OS Board Support Package (BSP) stored on [Kontron’s Customer Section](#). For other configurations like Legacy UART support please contact [Kontron Support](#) team for further details.

3.4.8 General Purpose SPI interface

Latest COM Express® specification (Rev. 3.1) introduces a General purpose Serial Peripheral Interface (GSPI) with dedicated pins (using RSVD pins of the former pinout) to connect multiple peripherals.

To maintain backward compatibility to predecessor designs, it's possible to connect the GSPI interface to COMe Boot SPI pins via an assembly option as well.

| COMe Signal | Optional COMe Connection | Alder Lake-P |
|-------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| GP_SPI_CS# | SPI_CS# | GSPI0_CS0# / GPP_E10 |
| GP_SPI_MISO | SPI_MISO | GSPI0_MISO / GPP_E12 |
| GP_SPI_MOSI | SPI_MOSI | GSPI0_MOSI / GPP_E13 |
| GP_SPI_CLK | SPI_CLK | GSPI0_CLK / GPP_E11 |

Table 19: GSPI on COMe-bRP6

3.4.9 Boot SPI

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) is a synchronous serial communication interface. Devices communicate in master-slave mode, where the master-device initiates the data frame. Multiple slave-devices may be supported through selection with individual chip select (CS) lines.

On COMe-bRP6 SPI0 is routed to the COMe connector. The SPI interface may only be used with a serial flash device on the carrier board to boot an external BIOS firmware.

| COMe Signal | Raptor Lake-P | Description |
|-------------|---------------|---|
| SPI_CS# | SPI0_CS0# | Chip select for Carrier Board SPI |
| SPI_MISO | SPI0_MISO | Bidirectional data path for Carrier Board SPI flash |
| SPI_MOSI | SPI0_MOSI | Bidirectional data path for Carrier Board SPI flash |
| SPI_CLK | SPI0_CLK | Clock from the Module to Carrier Board SPI |
| SPI_POWER | - | Connected to V_3V3_SPI |
| BIOS_DIS0# | - | Inputs to control SPI_CS# routing logic that is handled by the CPLD |
| BIOS_DIS1# | - | |

Table 20: SPI on COMe-bRP6

3.4.10 LPC/eSPI

The Low Pin Count (LPC) interface is pin shared with eSPI. A COM Express® module design may support either LPC or eSPI or both.

As LPC isn't provided by the Raptor Lake-P platform an eSPI-to-LPC bridge is implemented on the COMe-bRP6 via the onboard CPLD per Default.

ESPI_EN# is available for the carrier to signal to the module whether LPC or eSPI is to be used. If ESPI_EN# is unconnected on the carrier, LPC operation is expected. For eSPI operation ESPI_EN# has to be connected to GND on the carrier. To be able to detect the correct mode of operation, the module uses a pull-up resistor on this signal.



The module will not boot up if module and carrier configuration do not match.

| COMe Connector Pin | LPC Mode Connection (from CPLD) | eSPI mode connection (from PCH) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| B[4:7] | LPC_AD[0:3] | ESPI_IO_[0:3] |
| B3 | LPC_FRAME# | ESPI_CS0# |
| B10 | LPC_CLK | ESPI_CK |
| B[8:9] | LPC_DRQ[0:1] | ESPI_ALERT[0:1]# |
| A50 | LPC_SERIRQ | ESPI_CS1# |
| B18 | SUS_STAT# | ESPI_RESET# |
| B47 | | ESPI_EN# |

Table 21: LPC/eSPI mode comparison



For eSPI usage a HW modification and customized BIOS according to the customer's requirements is necessary. For further help on this please contact [Kontron Support](#).

3.4.11 I2C

Two I2C buses are generated by the onboard CPLD.

The external I2C bus transfers data between I2C devices connected on the bus, the internal one between components on the module itself.

The Fast I2C bus transfers data with rates up to 400 kHz. To change the I2C bus speed in the BIOS setup menu select:

Advanced>Miscellaneous>I2C Speed> 1 kHz to 400 kHz

The default speed is 200 kHz.

External user-accessible I2C (I2C_EXT)

The following table specifies the devices connected to the accessible I2C bus including the I2C address. This I2C bus is available at COMe connector pins I2C_CK, I2C_DAT.

| 8-bit Address | 7-bit Address | Device |
|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0xA0 | 0x50 | Module Embedded EEPROM (JIDA EEPROM) |
| 0xAE | 0x57 | Carrier EEPROM (optional) |
| 0x64 | 0x32 | External RTC (optional) |

Table 22: I2C Bus Port Address (I2C_EXT)

Internal I2C (I2C_INT)

The second I2C bus is primarily used for configuration of onboard devices, but also for an external LVDS EEPROM.

| 8-bit Address | 7-bit Address | Device |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 0xA0 | 0x50 | External LVDS EEPROM |

Table 23: I2C Bus Port Address (I2C_INT)

3.4.12 General Purpose IOs (GPIOs)

The COMe-bRP6 offers 8 GPIOs, generated by the onboard CPLD, on the dedicated COM Express® pins. The type of termination resistor used sets the direction of the GPIO, where GPI terminations are pull-up resistors, and GPO terminations are pull-down resistors.

Due to the fact that both the pull-up and pull-down termination resistors are weak, it is possible to override the termination resistors using external pull-ups, pull-downs or IOs. Overriding the termination resistors means that the eight GPIO pins can be considered as bi-directional since there are no restrictions whether you use the available GPIO pins in the in- or out-direction.

Configuration can be adjusted by the OS driver.

3.4.13 SMBus

The System Management Bus (SMBus) is a simple 2-wire bus for low-speed system management communication. The (On-Package) PCH controls the SMBus. It is used on the module to manage system functions such as reading the DRAM SPD EEPROM or to control the Hardware Monitor. On the carrier board the SMBus is useful e.g. for Smart Battery implementations. If the SMBus is used externally great care must be taken to avoid conflicts with the onboard SMBus devices.

The SMBus address uses the LSB (Bit 0) for the direction of the device.

Bit0 = 0 defines the write address

Bit0 = 1 defines the read address

The following table specifies the SMBus write address for onboard devices.

| 8-bit Address | 7-bit Address | Device |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 0x5C | 0x2E | Hardware Monitor |
| 0xAC | 0x56 | Hardware Monitor (reserved) |

Table 24: SMBus Write Address



Don't use this addresses for external devices under any circumstances.

3.5 Features

3.5.1 ACPI Power States

ACPI enables the system to power down, save power when not required (suspend) and wake up when required (resume).

ACPI controls the power states S0-S5, where S0 has the highest priority and S5 the lowest priority.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| S0 | Working state |
| S1 | Sleep (typically not supported anymore) |
| S2 | Deep Sleep (typically not supported anymore) |
| S3 | Suspend-to-RAM |
| S4 | Suspend-to-disk / Hibernate |
| S5 | Soft-off state |

Table 25: ACPI Power States Function



Not all ACPI defined power states are available.
The COMe-bRP6 supports ACPI 6.5 and the power states S0, S3, S4, S5 only.
Systems that support the low-power idle state do not use power states S3 and S4.

To power on from states S3, S4 and S5 use

- Power Button
- WakeOnLAN (S3, S4, S5)



The OS must support wake up from an USB device and the carrier board must power the USB port with the standby voltage.

3.5.2 Embedded Controller - Hardware Monitor

Embedded Controller (CPLD)

The Embedded (Module System Management) Controller resp. the therefore used CPLD is connected to COMe-bRP6 eSPI interface to provide several interfaces and features to the module/carrier:

- UARTs (optional, by default UARTs from On-Package PCH are used)
- LPC Bus (via eSPI-to-LPC bridge)
- I2C Bus
- GPIOs
- Watchdog

Moreover, the CPLD is responsible for platform power sequence and reset control for all components.

Hardware Monitor (HWM)

The Hardware Monitor (HWM) controls the health of the system by monitoring critical aspects such as the module's processor temperature, power supply voltages (VCC/5VSB) or battery voltage V_BAT and monitors/configures the FAN control onboard as well as to COMe. The HWM is accessible via the SMBus, see chapter 3.4.13.

3.5.3 Trusted Platform Module (TPM)

The COMe-bRP6 supports a TPM chip which is directly connected to SPI0 (dedicated SPI interface from On-Package PCH).

3.5.4 Watchdog Timer (WDT)

The watchdog timer interrupt is a hardware or software timer implemented by the module to the carrier board if there is a fault condition in the main program; the watchdog triggers a system reset or other corrective actions after a specific time, with the aim to bring the system back from a non-responsive to normal state.

The COMe-bRP6 supports an independently programmable watchdog that works with two stages that can be used stage by stage.

| Time-Out Event | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| No action | Stage is off and will be skipped |
| Reset | Restarts the module and starts a new POST and Operating System |
| NMI | A non-maskable interrupt (NMI) is a computer processor interrupt that cannot be ignored by standard interrupt masking techniques in the system. It is used typically to signal attention for non-recoverable hardware errors |
| SMI | A system management interrupt (SMI) makes the processor entering the system management mode (SMM). As such, specific BIOS code handles the interrupt. The current BIOS handler for the watchdog SMI currently does nothing. For special requirements, contact Kontron Support |
| SCI | A system control interrupt (SCI) is a OS-visible interrupt to be handled by the OS using AML code |
| Delay → No action | Might be necessary when an operating system must be started and the time for the first trigger pulse must be extended. Only available in the first stage |
| WDT only | Triggers WDT pin on the carrier board connector only |
| Reset + WDT | — |
| NMI + WDT | — |
| SMI + WDT | — |
| SCI + WDT | — |
| Delay + WDT → No action | — |

Table 26: Dual Staged Watchdog Timer - Time-Out Events

WDT Signal

WDT interrupt on COM Express® connector pin B27 indicates a Watchdog time-out event has not been triggered within a set time. The WDT signal is configurable to any of the two stages. After reset, the signal is automatically de-asserted. If de-assertion is necessary during runtime, contact [Kontron Support](#) for further help.

3.5.5 Real-Time Clock (RTC)

The RTC keeps track of the current time accurately. The RTC's low power consumption enables the RTC to continue operation and keep time using a lower secondary source of power while the primary source of power is switched off or unavailable.

The COMe-bRP6 supports typical RTC values of 3 V and less than 10 μ A. When powered by the main power supply on-module regulators generate the RTC voltage, to reduce RTC current draw. The RTC's battery voltage range is 2.8 V to 3.47 V.



It is not recommended to run a system without a RTC battery on the carrier board. Even if the RTC battery is not required to keep the actual time and date when main power is off, a missing RTC battery will cause other side effects such as longer boot times. Intel processor environments are generally designed to rely on RTC battery voltage.

3.5.6 NVMe

On COMe-bRP6 a PCIe NVMe NAND Flash SSD (with a capacity up to 1TB) can be populated optionally, connected to the PCIEX4_B lanes instead of COMe PEG lanes [4:7] (see chapter 3.4.1).



There are different types of NVMe SSDs available from different vendors. For further information on offered resp. released types and their particular feature set, contact [Kontron Support](#).

3.5.7 Boot SPI Device

A 32 MByte SPI Flash device supporting SFDP (Serial Flash Discovery Parameter) is connected to SPI0 (dedicated SPI interface from On-Package PCH). Flash Descriptor, BIOS, converged security engine as well as platform data are stored within the SPI Flash.

The COMe-bRP6 supports on-module and carrier boot from SPI. It does not support Slave Attached File Sharing (SAFS) configurations (i.e. BIOS can't be attached to eSPI via an Embedded Controller/Board Management Controller).

COMe signals BIOS_DIS0#, BIOS_DIS1# and ESPI_EN# are used to select the desired boot source (see table below).

| Config# | ESPI_EN# | BIOS_DIS1# | BIOS_DIS0# | Boot Bus | PCH CS1# | PCH CS0# | CS# to COMe Carrier | SPI Descriptor | Description |
|---------|----------|------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|---------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | SPI | Carrier | Module | PCH CS1# | Module | MAFS on Module / LPC enabled |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | SPI | Module | Carrier | PCH CS0# | Carrier | MAFS on Carrier / LPC enabled |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | Not used |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | SPI | Module | Module | High | Module | MAFS on Module / LPC enabled |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | SPI | Carrier | Module | PCH CS1# | Module | MAFS on Module / eSPI enabled |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 1 | SPI | Module | Carrier | PCH CS0# | Carrier | MAFS on Carrier / eSPI enabled |
| 7 | 0 | 1 | 0 | eSPI | - | - | - | - | Not supported (SAFS configuration) |
| 8 | 0 | 1 | 1 | eSPI | - | - | - | - | Not supported (SAFS configuration) |

Table 27: BIOS Boot Options



If ESPI_EN# selection of the carrier does not match the module configuration (LPC/eSPI) the module won't boot.



The BIOS cannot be split between two chips. Booting takes place either from the on-module SPI Flash chip or the SPI Flash device on the carrier board.

| Size | Manufacturer | Part Number | Package Type |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 32 MByte (256 Mbit) | Macronix | MX25L25645GZ2I-08G | WSO8-8 |
| 32 MByte (256 Mbit) | Micron | MT25QL256ABA1EW9-0SIT | WSO8-8 |
| 32 MByte (256 Mbit) | Winbond | W25Q256JVEIQ | WSO8-8 |
| 32 MByte (256 Mbit) | Cypress | S25FL256LAGNFI010 | WSO8-8 |

Table 28: Supported SPI Flash Devices

On request, a second SPI Flash device can be populated on the module for additional safety. Fail Safe Operation (automatic switchover) has to be implemented in the CPLD in that case. For further information on the Fail Safe feature and project based requirements resp. adjustments, contact [Kontron Support](#).

3.5.8 Embedded EEPROM

The module's 32 kbit serial EEPROM (formerly known as JIDA EEPROM) device is attached to the I2C bus (I2C_EXT) from the CPLD and accessible via I2C bus 8-bit address 0x0A (see chapter 3.4.11).

3.6 Electrical Specification

The module powers on by connecting to a carrier board via the COMe interface connectors. The COMe interface connector pins on the module limits the amount of power received.



Before connecting the module's interface connector to the carrier board's corresponding connector, ensure that the carrier board is switched off and disconnected from the main power supply. Failure to disconnect the main power supply could result in personal injury and damage to the module and/or carrier board.



Observe that only trained personnel aware of the associated dangers connect the module, within an access controlled ESD-safe workplace.

3.6.1 Power Supply Specification

The power specification of the module supports a single supply voltage of 12 V and a wide input voltage range of 8.5 V to 20 V. Other supported voltages are 5 V standby and 3.3 V RTC battery input.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Supply Voltage Range (VCC) | 8.5 V to 20 V |
| Supply Voltage (VCC) | 12 V \pm 5% |
| Standby Voltage (VCC_5V_SBY) | 5 V \pm 5% |
| RTC Voltage (VCC_RTC) | 2.8 V to 3.47 V |

Table 29: Supported Supply Voltages



Standby voltage is not mandatory for operation.



Only connect to an external power supply delivering the specified input rating and complying with the requirements of Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) and Limited Power Source (LPS) of UL/IEC 60950-1 or (PS2) of UL/IEC 62368-1.



To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current and the enclosure of the peripheral device fulfils the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN 62368-1.



If any of the supply voltages drops below the allowed operating level longer than the specified hold-up time, all the supply voltages should be shut down and left OFF for a time long enough to allow the internal board voltages to discharge sufficiently.

If the OFF time is not observed, parts of the board or attached peripherals may work incorrectly or even suffer a reduction of MTBF. The minimum OFF time depends on the implemented PSU model and other electrical factors and must be measured individually for each case.

Power Supply Voltage Rise Time

The input voltage rise time is 0.1 ms to 20 ms from input voltage $\leq 10\%$ to nominal input voltage. To comply with the ATX specification there must be a smooth and continuous ramp of each DC input voltage from 10 % to 90 % of the DC input voltage final set point.

Power Supply Voltage Ripple

The maximum power supply voltage ripple and noise is 100 mV peak-to-peak measured over a frequency bandwidth of 0 MHz to 20 MHz. The voltage ripple, must not cause the input voltage range to be exceeded.

Power Supply Inrush Current

The maximum inrush current at 5V Standby is 2 A. From states G3 (module is mechanically completely off, with no power consumption) or S5 (module appears to be completely off) to state S0 (module is fully usable) the maximum inrush current meets the SFX Design Guide.

3.6.2 Power Management

The Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) 6.0 hardware specification supports features such as power button and suspend states. The power management options are available within the BIOS set up menu: **Advance>ACPI Settings>**

Suspend States

If power is removed, 5V can be applied to the VCC_5V_SBY pins to support the ACPI suspend-states:

- Suspend-to-RAM (S3)
- Suspend-to-disk (S4)
- Soft-off (S5)





If power is removed, the wake-up event (S0) requires VCC to power on the module for normal operation.

Power Supply Control Settings

Power supply control settings are set in the BIOS and enable the module to shut down, rest and wake from standby.

| COMe Signal | Pin | Description |
|---------------------------------|------|--|
| Power Button (PWRBTN#) | B12 | A PWRBTN# falling edge signal creates a power button event ($50 \text{ ms} \leq t < 4 \text{ s}$, typical 400 ms, at low level). Power button events can be used to bring a system out of S5 soft-off and other suspend states, as well as powering the system down. Pressing the power button for at least four seconds turns off power to the module (Power Button Override). |
| Power Good (PWR_OK) | B24 | Indicates that all power supplies to the module are stable within specified ranges. PWR_OK signal goes active and module internal power supplies are enabled. PWR_OK can be driven low to prevent module from powering up until the carrier is ready and releases the signal. PWR_OK should not be deactivated after the module enters S0 unless there is a power fail condition. |
| Reset Button (SYS_RESET#) | B49 | When the SYS_RESET# pin is detected active (falling edge triggered), it allows the processor to perform a “graceful” reset, by waiting up to 25 ms for the SMBus to enter the idle state before forcing a reset, even though activity is still occurring. Once reset is asserted, it remains asserted for 5 ms to 6 ms regardless of whether the SYS_RESET# input remains asserted or not. |
| Carrier Board Reset (CB_Reset#) | B50 | When CB_Reset# from module to carrier is active low, the module outputs a request to the carrier board to reset. |
| SMBus Alert (SMB_ALERT#) | B15 | When external battery manager is present and SMB_ALERT# connected, the module powers on even if the BIOS switch “After Power Fail” is set to “Stay Off”. |
| Battery Low (BATLOW#) | A27 | BATLOW# indicates that the external battery is low and provides a battery-low signal to the module for orderly transitioning to power saving or power cut-off ACPI modes. |
| PCIe Wake-up (WAKE0#) | B66 | Indicates PCIe wake-up signal |
| GP Wake-up (WAKE1#) | B67 | Indicates general purpose wake-up signal |
| Suspend Control (SUS_STAT#) | B18 | SUS_STAT# indicates an imminent suspend operation. Used to notify LPC devices. |
| Suspend-to-RAM (SUS_S3#) | A15 | Indicates system is in Suspend-to-RAM state. Active low output. |
| Suspend-to-disk (SUS_S4#) | A18 | Indicates system is in Suspend-to-disk state. Active low output. |
| Soft-off (SUS_S5#) | A24 | Indicates system is in Soft-off state. Active low output. |
| Lid detection (LID#) | A103 | Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system for a LID switch. |

| COMe Signal | Pin | Description |
|-----------------------|------|--|
| Sleep button (SLEEP#) | B103 | Low active signal used by the ACPI operating system to bring the system to sleep state or to wake it up again. |

Table 30: Power Supply Control Settings



After a complete power loss (including battery voltage), there is an additional cold reset. This additional reset will not happen on any subsequent warm or cold reboots.

3.6.3 Power Supply Modes

The COMe-bRP6 is operating in either ATX power mode or single power supply mode.

ATX Mode

To start the module in ATX mode, connect VCC and 5V Standby from a ATX PSU. As soon as the standby rail ramped up the PCH enters S5 state and starts the transition to S0. SUS_S3# (usually connected to PSU PS_ON#) turns on the main power rail (VCC). As soon as the PSU indicates that the power supply is stable (PWR_OK high) the PCH continues transition to S0.



The input voltage must always be higher than 5V Standby ($VCC > 5V_SBY$) for modules supporting a wide input voltage range down to 8.5V.

| State | PWRBTN# | PWR_OK | 5V_SBY | PS_ON# | VCC |
|---------|--------------|------------|--------|------------|----------|
| G3 | x | x | 0V | x | 0V |
| S5 | high | low | 5V | high | 0V |
| S5 → S0 | PWRBTN Event | low → high | 5V | high → low | 0V → VCC |
| S0 | high | high | 5V | low | VCC |

x: Not relevant for the specific power state. There is no difference if connected or open

Table 31: ATX Mode Settings

Single Power Supply Mode

To start the module in single power supply mode, connect VCC power and open PWR_OK at the high level. VCC can be 8.5 V to 20 V. To power on the module from S5 state, press the power button or reconnect VCC.



Suspend/Standby states are not supported in single power supply mode.

| State | PWRBTN# | PWR_OK | 5V_SBY | VCC |
|---------|--------------|-------------|--------|------------------|
| G3 | 0V/x | 0V/x | 0V/x | 0V/x |
| S5 | high | open / high | open | VCC |
| S5 → S0 | PWRBTN Event | open / high | open | reconnecting VCC |
| G3 → S0 | high | open / high | open | connecting VCC |

x: Not relevant for the specific power state. There is no difference if connected or open

Table 32: Single Power Supply Mode Settings



All ground pins must be connected to the carrier board's ground plane.



If any of the supply voltages drops below the allowed operating level longer than the specified hold-up time, all the supply voltages should be shut down and left OFF for a time long enough to allow the internal board voltages to discharge sufficiently. If the OFF time is not observed, parts of the board or attached peripherals may work incorrectly or even suffer a reduction of MTBF. The minimum OFF time depends on the implemented PSU model and other electrical factors and needs to be measured individually for each case.

3.7 Thermal Management

3.7.1 Heatspreader Plate Assembly

A heatspreader plate assembly is available from Kontron for the COMe-bRP6. The heatspreader plate assembly is NOT a heatsink. The heatspreader plate transfers heat as quickly as possible from the processor using a copper core positioned directly above the processor and a Thermal Interface Material (TIM). The heatspreader plate is factory prepared with a TIM screen printed on the contacts and may be fasten to the module without additional user actions.

The heatspreader plate works as a COM Express® standard thermal interface and must be used with a heatsink or external cooling devices to maintain the heatspreader plate at proper operating temperatures. Under worst-case conditions, the cooling mechanism must maintain an ambient air and heatspreader plate temperature on any spot of the heatspreader's surface according the module's specification:

- 60°C for commercial temperature grade modules
- 75°C for extended temperature grade modules (E1)
- 85°C for industrial temperature grade modules (E2)

3.7.2 Active/Passive Cooling Solutions

Both active and passive thermal management approaches can be used with the heatspreader plates. The optimum cooling solution depends on the application and environmental conditions. Kontron's active or passive cooling solutions are designed to cover the power and thermal dissipation for a commercial temperature range used in housing with a suitable airflow.

3.7.3 Operating with Kontron Heatspreader Plate (HSP) Assembly

The operating temperature requirements are:

- Maximum ambient temperature with ambient being the air surrounding the module
- Maximum measurable temperature on any position on the heatspreader's surface

| Temperature Grade | Requirements |
|-----------------------|--|
| Commercial Grade | At 60°C HSP temperature the MCP @ 100% load needs to run at nominal frequency |
| Extended Grade(E1) | At 75°C HSP temperature the MCP @ 75% load is allowed to start throttling for thermal protection |
| Industrial Grade (E2) | At 85°C HSP temperature the MCP @ 50% load is allowed to start throttling for thermal protection |

Table 33: Heatspreader Temperature Specification

3.7.4 Operating without Kontron Heatspreader Plate (HSP) Assembly

The operating temperature is the maximum measurable temperature on any spot of the module's surface.

3.7.5 Temperature Sensors

The module's processor is capable of reading its internal temperature. The on-module Hardware Monitor (HWM) chip uses an on-chip temperature sensor to measure the modules's temperature on the board.

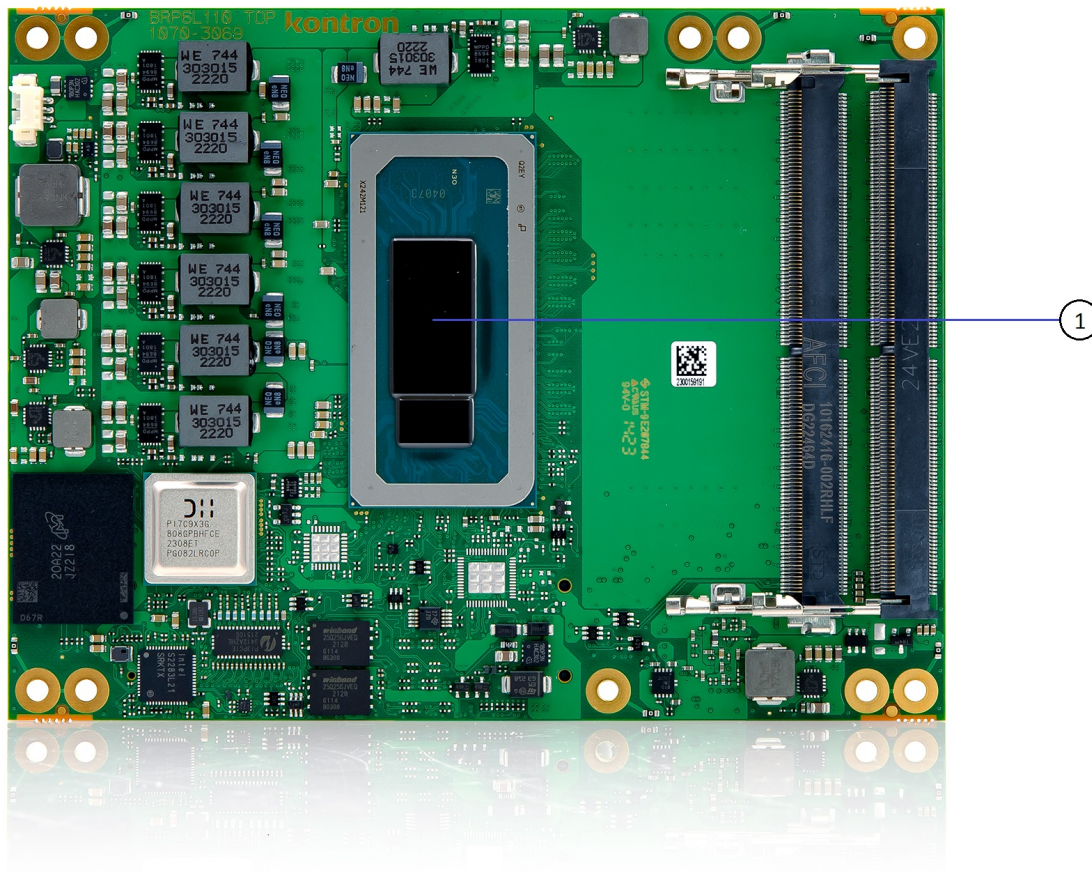


Figure 4: 1. Temperature Sensor in Processor (CPU)

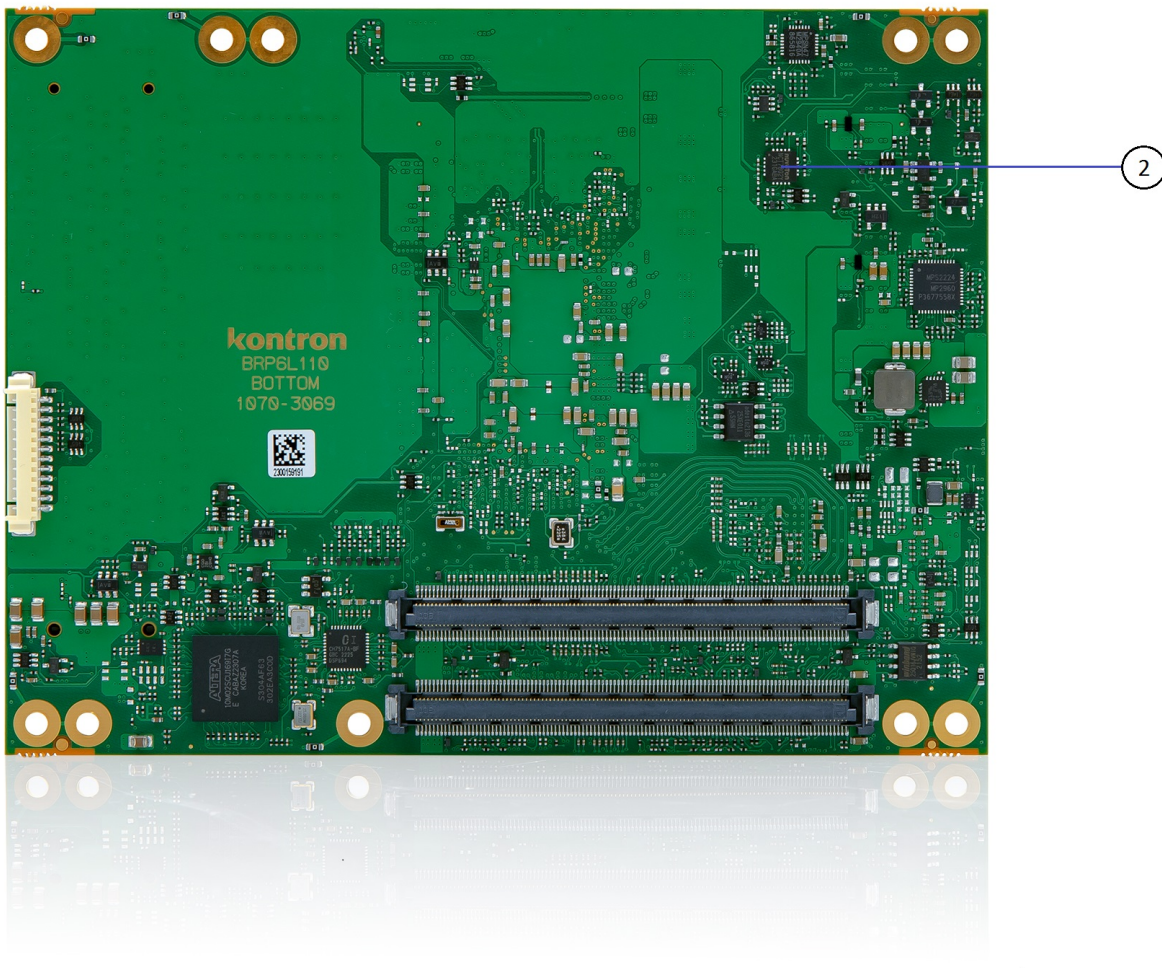


Figure 5: 2. Temperature Sensor in Hardware Monitor (HWM)

3.7.6 On-Module Fan Connector

The module's fan connector powers, controls and monitors an external fan. To connect a standard 3-pin connector fan to the module, use Kontron's fan cable (see chapter 3.2).

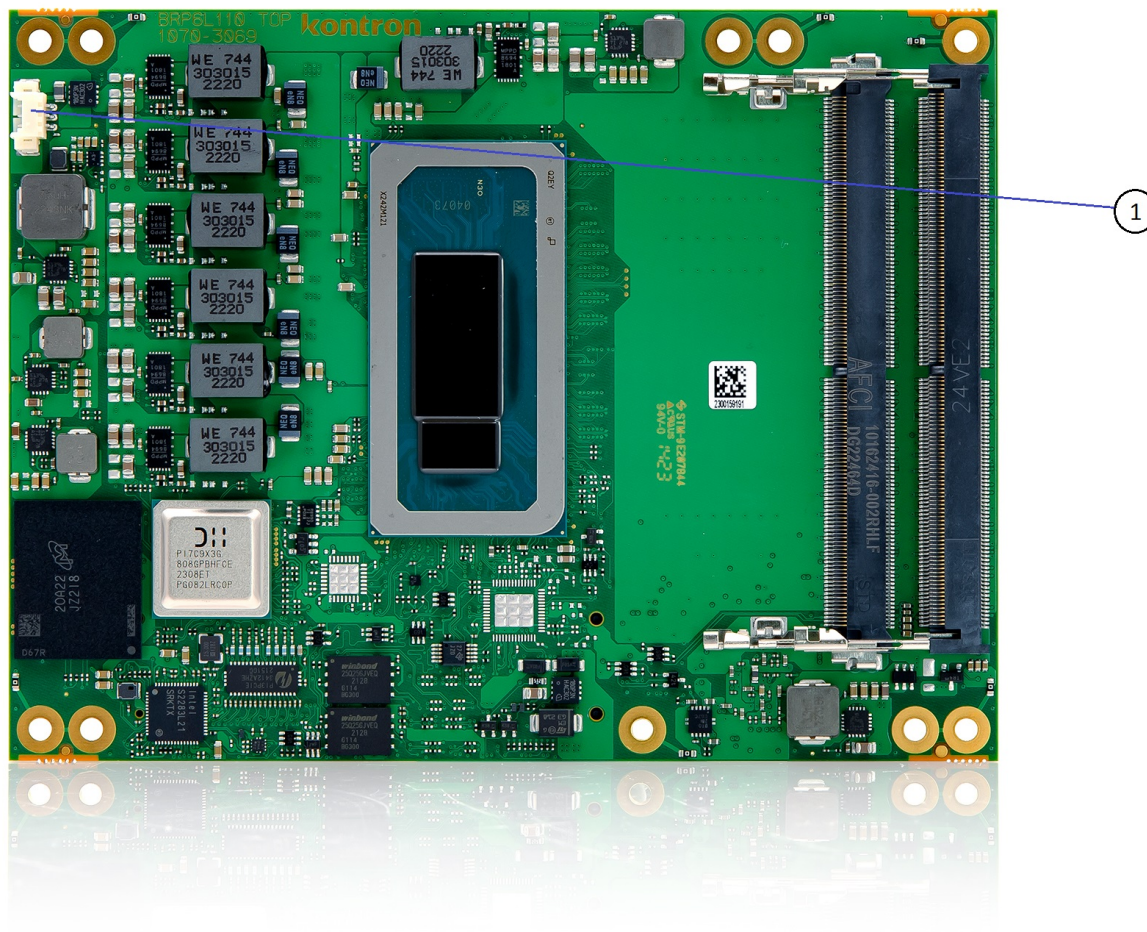


Figure 6: 1. On-Module 3-Pin Fan Connector

The analog output voltage on this connector is generated via a discrete linear voltage regulator from the PWM signal of the HWM. It is clipped at 12 V (+/- 10 %) across the whole input range of the module to prevent fan damage at higher voltages.

The maximum supply current to the fan is 350 mA if the input voltage is below 13 V and is further limited to 150 mA if the input voltage to the module is between 13 V and 20 V.

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type |
|-----|--------------|---|-------|
| 1 | FAN_TACH_IN# | Fan input voltage from COMe connector | Input |
| 2 | V_FAN | 12 V \pm 10% (max.) across module input range | PWR |
| 3 | GND | Power GND | PWR |

Table 34: Fan Connector Pin Assignment



Always check the fan specification according to the limitations of the supply current and supply voltage.

3.8 Mechanical Specification

The COMe-bRP6 is compatible with the COM Express® mechanical specification.

3.8.1 Module Dimensions

The COMe basic module dimensions are 125 mm x 95 mm (4.9" x 3.7").

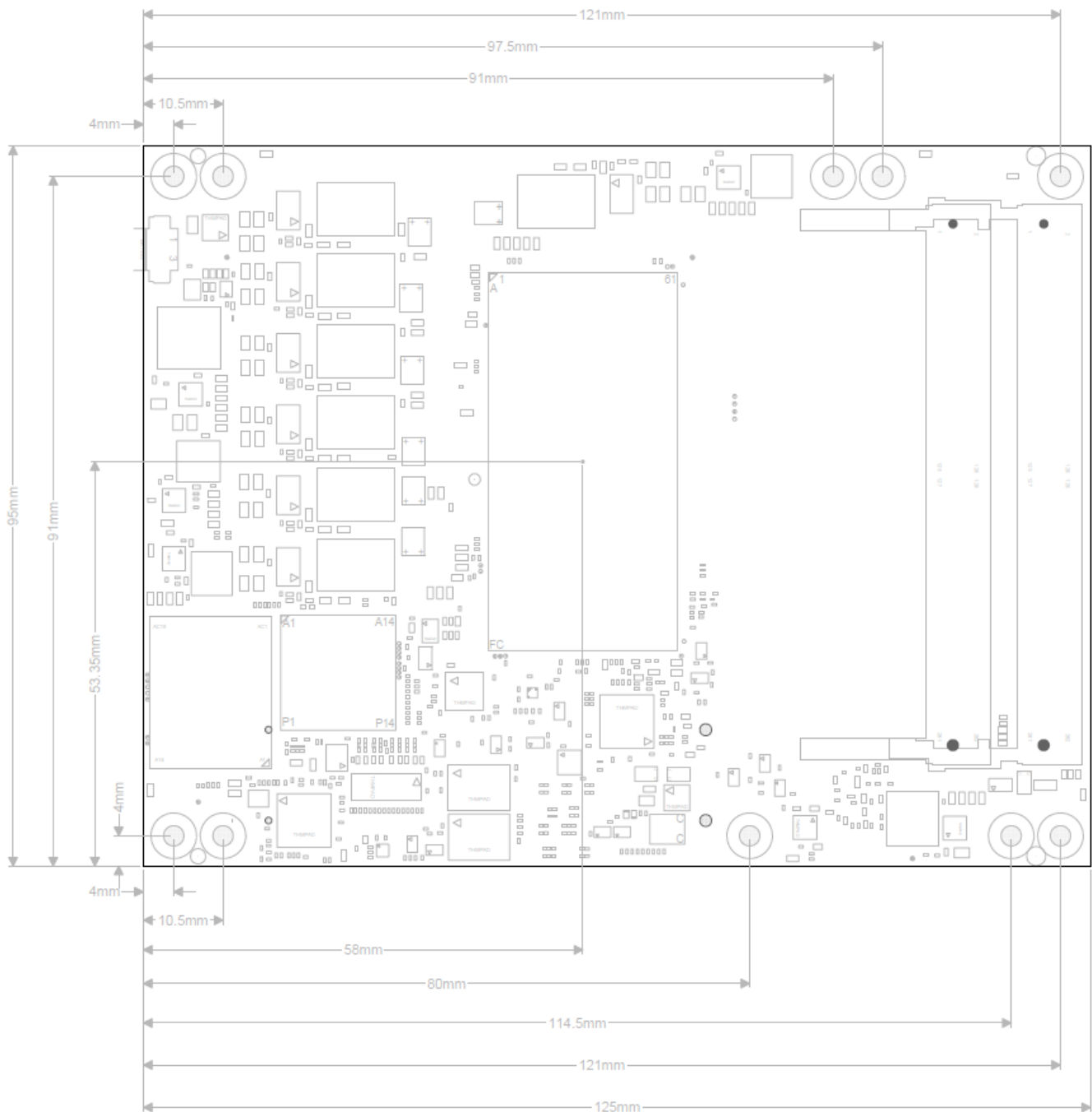


Figure 7: Module Dimensions

3.8.2 Module Height

The COM Express® specification defines a module height of approximately 13mm, when measured from the bottom of the module's PCB board to the top of the heatspreader. The overall height of the module and carrier board depends on

- which carrier board connectors are used (5mm and 8mm height are available)
- which cooling solution is used. The height of the cooling solution is not specified in the COM Express® specification.



Figure 8: Module and Carrier Height

1. Heatspreader
2. Heatspreader Standoffs
3. Module PCB
4. Carrier Board PCB
5. 5 or 8 mm Connector/Standoffs
6. 13 mm +/- 0.65 mm

3.8.3 Heatspreader Plate Assembly Dimensions

The module's cooling concept uses a heatspreader plate assembly fasten on the module via the heatspreader plate standoffs. The heatspreader plate works as a COM Express® standard thermal interface and must be used with a heatsink or external cooling device to maintain the heatspreader plate at proper operating temperatures.

For heatspreader plate drawings and 3D models check our [Customer Section](#).

3.9 Environmental Specification

The COMe-bRP6 supports commercial and industrial temperature grades.

| Environmental | | Description |
|--|---------------|--|
| Commercial Grade | Operating | 0°C to +60°C (32°F to 140°F) |
| | Non-operating | -30°C to +85°C (-22°F to 185°F) |
| Industrial Grade (E2) | Operating | -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to 167°F) |
| | Non-operating | -30°C to +85°C (-22°F to 185°F) |
| Relative Humidity | | 93 % @40°C, non-condensing |
| Shock (according to IEC / EN 60068-2-27) | | Non-operating shock test (half-sinusoidal, 11ms, 15g) |
| Vibration (according to IEC / EN 60068-2-6) | | Non-operating vibration (sinusoidal, 10 Hz to 2000 Hz, +/- 0.15 mm, 2 g) |

Table 35: Environmental Specification

3.10 Compliance

The COMe-bRP6 complies with the following or the latest status thereof. If modified, the prerequisites for specific approvals may no longer apply. For more information, contact [Kontron Support](#).

| Europe - CE Mark | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Directives | 2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility 2014/35/EU: Low Voltage 2011/65/EU: RoHS II 2001/95/EC: General Product Safety |
| EMC | EN 55032 Class B: Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission Requirements Class A EN 61000-6-2: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity standard for industrial environments |
| Safety | EN 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements |

Table 36: Compliance CE Mark

| USA/Canada | |
|--|--|
| Safety | UL 62368-1 & CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (Component Recognition): Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements Recognized by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. Representative samples of this component have been evaluated by UL and meet applicable UL requirements. UL listings: AZOT2.E147705 AZOT8.E147705 |
| UK CA Mark | |
| EMC | BS EN 55032 Class B: Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission Requirements Class A BS EN 61000-6-2: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity standard for industrial environments |
| Safety | BS EN 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements |
| CB scheme (For International Certifications) | |
| Safety | IEC 62368-1: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Part 1: Safety requirements |

Table 37: Country Compliance



If the product is modified, the prerequisites for specific approvals may no longer apply.



Kontron is not responsible for any radio television interference caused by unauthorized modifications of the delivered product or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than those specified by Kontron. The correction of interference caused by unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment is the user's responsibility.

3.11 MTBF

The MTBF (Mean Time Before Failure) values were calculated using a combination of the manufacturer's test data (if available) and the Telcordia (Bellcore) issue 2 calculation for the remaining parts.

The Telcordia calculation used is "Method 1 Case 3" in a ground benign, controlled environment. This particular method takes into account varying temperature and stress data and the system is assumed to have not been burned-in. Other environmental stresses (such as extreme altitude, vibration, salt-water exposure) lower MTBF values.

| | MTBF Value @40°C | Part Number |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| MTBF (hours) | 586365 | 38041-0000-25-7 |

Table 38: MTBF



The MTBF estimated value above assumes no fan, but a passive heat sinking arrangement. Estimated RTC battery life (as opposed to battery failures) is not accounted for and needs to be considered separately. Battery life depends on both temperature and operating conditions. When the module is connected to external power, the only battery drain is from leakage paths.

4. COMe Interface Connector

The COMe-bRP6 is a COM Express® Type 6 module containing two 220-pin connectors J1 and J2; each with two rows called row A & B on the primary connector J1 and row C & D on the secondary connector J2.

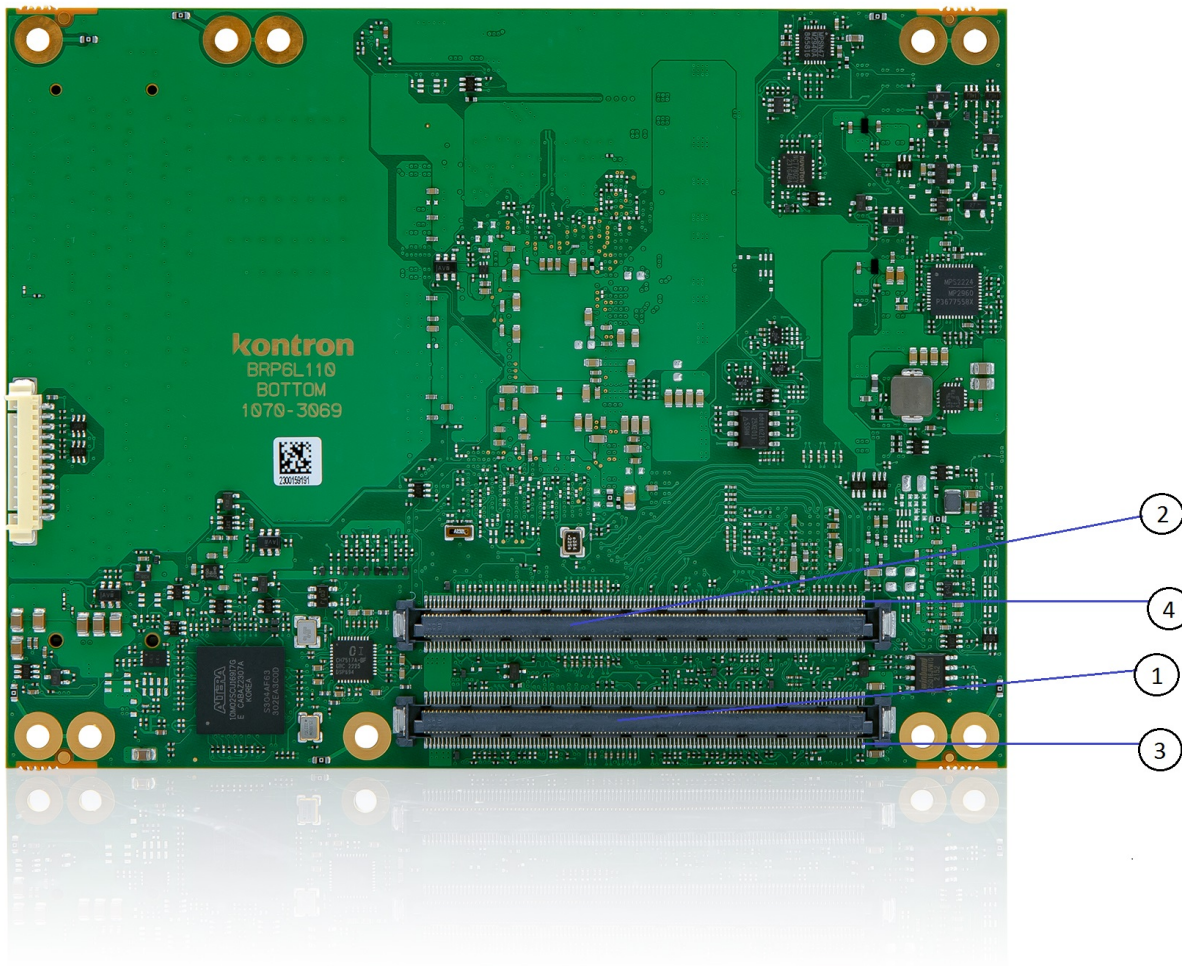


Figure 9: COMe Interface Connectors

1. COMe interface connector (J1)
2. COMe interface connector (J2)
3. Connector J1 - Pin A1
4. Connector J2 - Pin D1

4.1 Connecting COMe Interface Connector to Carrier Board

The COMe interface connectors (J1, J2) are inserted into the corresponding connectors on the carrier board and secured using the mounting points and standoffs. The height of the standoffs (either 5 mm or 8 mm) depends on the height of the carrier board's connector.





The module is powered on by connecting to the carrier board using the interface connector. Before connecting the module's interface connector to the carrier board's corresponding connector, ensure that the carrier board is switched off and disconnected from the main power supply. Failure to disconnect the main power supply could result in personal injury and damage to the module and/or carrier board. Observe that only trained personnel aware of the associated dangers connect the module, within an access controlled ESD-safe workplace.



To protect external power lines of peripheral devices, make sure that the wires have the right diameter to withstand the maximum available current. The enclosure of the peripheral device fulfills the fire-protection requirements of IEC/EN 62368.

4.2 J1 and J2 Signals

For a description of the terms used in the J1 and J2 pin assignment tables, see table given below. If a more detailed pin assignment description is required, refer to PICMG® COM.0 Revision 3.1 Base Specification.

| Type | Description | Type | Description |
|----------------|--|---------------|----------------------------------|
| NC | Not Connected (on this product) | O-1.8 | 1.8 V Output |
| I/O-3.3 | Bi-directional 3.3 V I/O-Signal | O-3.3 | 3.3 V Output |
| I/O-5T | Bi-dir. 3.3 V I/O (5 V tolerance) | O-5 | 5 V Output |
| I/O-5 | Bi-directional 5V I/O-Signal | DP-I/O | Differential Pair Input/Output |
| I-3.3 | 3.3 V Input | DP-I | Differential Pair Input |
| I/OD | Bi-directional Input/Output Open Drain | DP-O | Differential Pair Output |
| I-5T | 3.3 V Input (5 V tolerance) | PU/PD | Pull-Up/Pull-Down Resistor |
| OA | Output Analog | PWR | Power Connection |
| OD | Output Open Drain | +/- | Differential Pair Differentiator |

Table 39: General Signal Description



The pin assignment tables list the internal pull-ups (PU) or pull-downs (PD) implemented by the chip vendors.

4.3 Connector J1 Pinout

4.3.1 Pins A1 - A110

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------|--|---------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| A1 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A2 | GBE0_MDI3- | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 3 - | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A3 | GBE0_MDI3+ | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 3 + | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A4 | GBE0_LINK100# | Ethernet Speed LED | OD | — | — |
| A5 | GBE0_LINK1000# | Ethernet Speed LED | OD | — | — |
| A6 | GBE0_MDI2- | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 2 - | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A7 | GBE0_MDI2+ | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 2 + | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A8 | GBE0_LINK# | LAN Link LED | OD | — | — |
| A9 | GBE0_MDI1- | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 1 - | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A10 | GBE0_MDI1+ | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 1 + | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A11 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A12 | GBE0_MDI0- | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 0 - | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A13 | GBE0_MDI0+ | Ethernet Media Dependent Interface 0 + | DP-I/O | — | — |
| A14 | GBE0_CTREF | Center Tab Reference Voltage | O | — | 100nF capacitor to GND |
| A15 | SUS_S3# | Suspend-to-RAM (or deeper) Indicator | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A16 | SATA0_TX+ | SATA Transmit Pair 0 + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A17 | SATA0_TX- | SATA Transmit Pair 0 - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A18 | SUS_S4# | Suspend-to-disk (or deeper) Indicator | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A19 | SATA0_RX+ | SATA Receive Pair 0 + | DP-I | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A20 | SATA0_RX- | SATA Receive Pair 0 - | DP-I | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A21 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A22 | SATA2_TX+ | SATA Transmit Pair 2 + | DP-O | — | Optional instead of SATA0 |
| A23 | SATA2_TX- | SATA Transmit Pair 2 - | DP-O | — | Optional instead of SATA0 |
| A24 | SUS_S5# | Soft-off Indicator | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| A25 | SATA2_RX+ | SATA Receive Pair 2 + | DP-I | — | Optional instead of SATA0 |
| A26 | SATA2_RX- | SATA Receive Pair 2 - | DP-I | — | Optional instead of SATA0 |
| A27 | BATLOW# | Battery Low | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | Assertion will prevent wake from S3-S5 state |
| A28 | (S)ATA_ACT# | Serial ATA activity LED | OD-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A29 | HDA_SYNC | HD Audio Sync | O-3.3 | — | — |
| A30 | HDA_RST# | HD Audio Reset | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A31 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A32 | HDA_BITCLK | HD Audio Bit Clock Output | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A33 | HDA_SDOOUT | HD Audio Serial Data Out | O-3.3 | — | — |
| A34 | BIOS_DIS0#/ESPI_SAFS | BIOS Selection Strap 0 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| A35 | THRMTRIP# | Thermal Trip | IO33-OD | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A36 | USB6- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 6 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A37 | USB6+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 6 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A38 | USB_6_7_OC# | USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 6/7 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| A39 | USB4- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 4 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A40 | USB4+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 4 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A41 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A42 | USB2- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 2 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A43 | USB2+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 2 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A44 | USB_2_3_OC# | USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 2/3 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| A45 | USB0- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 0 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A46 | USB0+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 0 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| A47 | VCC_RTC | Real-Time Clock Circuit Power Input | PWR 3V | — | Voltage range 2.8-3.47V, according to COMe Spec. |
| A48 | RSMRST_OUT# | Module suspend power stable | O-3.3 | PD 10k | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------------|--|---------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A49 | GBE0_SDP | Gigabit Ethernet Controller 0 Software-Definable Pin | I/O-3.3 | PD 10k | — |
| A50 | LPC_SERIRQ/ESPI_CS1# | Serial Interrupt Request / eSPI Master Chip Select 1 | IO33-OD | PU 8k2 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A51 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A52 | PCIE_TX5+ | PCI Express Lane 5 Transmit + | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no GbE / with PCIe Switch |
| A53 | PCIE_TX5- | PCI Express Lane 5 Transmit - | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no GbE / with PCIe Switch |
| A54 | GPI0 | General Purpose Input 0 | I-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A55 | PCIE_TX4+ | PCI Express Lane 4 Transmit + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A56 | PCIE_TX4- | PCI Express Lane 4 Transmit - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A57 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A58 | PCIE_TX3+ | PCI Express Lane 3 Transmit + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A59 | PCIE_TX3- | PCI Express Lane 3 Transmit - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A60 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A61 | PCIE_TX2+ | PCI Express Lane 2 Transmit + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A62 | PCIE_TX2- | PCI Express Lane 2 Transmit - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A63 | GPI1 | General Purpose Input 1 | I-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A64 | PCIE_TX1+ | PCI Express Lane 1 Transmit + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A65 | PCIE_TX1- | PCI Express Lane 1 Transmit - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A66 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A67 | GPI2 | General Purpose Input 2 | I-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A68 | PCIE_TX0+ | PCI Express Lane 0 Transmit + | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A69 | PCIE_TX0- | PCI Express Lane 0 Transmit - | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | — |
| A70 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A71 | LVDS_A0+ | LVDS Channel A DAT0+ / eDP Lane 2 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |
| A72 | LVDS_A0- | LVDS Channel A DAT0- / eDP Lane 2 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| A73 | LVDS_A1+ | LVDS Channel A DAT1+ / eDP Lane 1 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|---------------|---|---------|-------------------------|--|
| A74 | LVDS_A1- | LVDS Channel A DAT1- / eDP Lane 1 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| A75 | LVDS_A2+ | LVDS Channel A DAT2+ / eDP Lane 0 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |
| A76 | LVDS_A2- | LVDS Channel A DAT2- / eDP Lane 0 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| A77 | LVDS_VDD_EN | LVDS / eDP Panel Power Control | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A78 | LVDS_A3+ | LVDS Channel A DAT3+ | DP-O | — | — |
| A79 | LVDS_A3- | LVDS Channel A DAT3- | DP-O | — | — |
| A80 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A81 | LVDS_A_CK+ | LVDS Channel A Clock+ / eDP Lane 3 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Clock: 20-80MHz |
| A82 | LVDS_A_CK- | LVDS Channel A Clock- / eDP Lane 3 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Clock: 20-80MHz |
| A83 | LVDS_I2C_CK | LVDS I2C Clock (DDC) / eDP AUX + | I/O-3.3 | PU 2k2 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A84 | LVDS_I2C_DAT | LVDS I2C Data (DDC) / eDP AUX - | I/O-3.3 | PU 2k2 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A85 | GPI3 | General Purpose Input 3 | I-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| A86 | GP_SPI_MOSI | General Purpose SPI Data Out | O-3.3 | — | — |
| A87 | eDP_HPDP | eDP Hot Plug Detect | I-3.3 | PD 400k LVDS / 100k eDP | — |
| A88 | PCIE_CLK_REF+ | Reference PCI Express Clock + | DP-O | — | 100MHz |
| A89 | PCIE_CLK_REF- | Reference PCI Express Clock - | DP-O | — | 100MHz |
| A90 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A91 | SPI_POWER | 3.3V Power Output Pin for external SPI flash | O-3.3 | — | 100mA (max.) |
| A92 | SPI_MISO | SPI Master In Slave Out | I-3.3 | — | — |
| A93 | GPO0 | General Purpose Output 0 | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| A94 | SPI_CLK | SPI Clock | O-3.3 | — | — |
| A95 | SPI_MOSI | SPI Master Out Slave In | O-3.3 | — | — |
| A96 | TPM_PP | TPM Physical Presence | I-3.3 | PD 10k | TPM does not use this functionality |
| A97 | TYPE10# | Indicates TYPE10# to carrier board | NC | — | — |
| A98 | SER0_TX | Serial Port 0 TXD | O-3.3 | — | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| A99 | SER0_RX | Serial Port 0 RXD | I-5T | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------|---------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|
| A100 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| A101 | SER1_TX | Serial Port 1 TXD | O-3.3 | — | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| A102 | SER1_RX | Serial Port 1 RXD | I-5T | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| A103 | LID# | LID Switch Input | I-3.3 | PU 47k 3.3V (S5) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| A104 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A105 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A106 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A107 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A108 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A109 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| A110 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

Table 40: Connector J1 Pins A1 - A110

4.3.2 Pins B1 - B110

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|------------------------|---|------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| B1 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B2 | GBE0_ACT# | Ethernet Activity LED | OD | — | — |
| B3 | LPC_FRAME#/ESPI_CS0# | LPC Frame Indicator / eSPI Master Chip Select 0 | O-3.3 | — | — |
| B4 | LPC_AD0/ESPI_IO_0 | LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 0 / eSPI Master Data I/O 0 | I/O-3.3 | PU 20k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B5 | LPC_AD1/ESPI_IO_1 | LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 1 / eSPI Master Data I/O 1 | I/O-3.3 | PU 20k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B6 | LPC_AD2/ESPI_IO_2 | LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 2 / eSPI Master Data I/O 2 | I/O-3.3 | PU 20k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B7 | LPC_AD3/ESPI_IO_3 | LPC Multiplexed Command, Address & Data 3 / eSPI Master Data I/O 3 | I/O-3.3 | PU 20k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B8 | LPC_DRQ0#/ESPI_ALERT0# | LPC Serial DMA/Master Request 0 / eSPI Alert 0 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B9 | LPC_DRQ1#/ESPI_ALERT1# | LPC Serial DMA/Master Request 1 / eSPI Alert 1 | NC | — | 10k PU eSPI_noLPC BOM Option |
| B10 | LPC_CLK/ESPI_CK | 33MHz LPC Clock | O-3.3 | — | 33MHz |
| B11 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B12 | PWRBTN# | Power Button | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B13 | SMB_CLK | SMBus Clock | O-3.3 | PU 3k9 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B14 | SMB_DAT | SMBus Data | I/O-3.3 | PU 3k9 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B15 | SMB_ALERT# | SMBus Alert | O-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B16 | SATA1_TX+ | SATA 1 Transmit Pair + | DP-O | — | — |
| B17 | SATA1_TX- | SATA 1 Transmit Pair - | DP-O | — | — |
| B18 | SUS_STAT#/ESPI_RESET# | Suspend Status / eSPI Reset | O-3.3 | PD 10k | — |
| B19 | SATA1_RX+ | SATA 1 Receive Pair + | DP-I | — | — |
| B20 | SATA1_RX- | SATA 1 Receive Pair - | DP-I | — | — |
| B21 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B22 | SATA3_TX+ | SATA 3 Transmit Pair + | DP-O | — | Optional instead of SATA1 |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|---------------------|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--|
| B23 | SATA3_TX- | SATA 3 Transmit Pair - | DP-O | — | Optional instead of SATA1 |
| B24 | PWR_OK | Power OK | I-3.3 | PU 51k1 3.3V (S5) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| B25 | SATA3_RX+ | SATA 3 Receive Pair + | DP-I | — | Optional instead of SATA1 |
| B26 | SATA3_RX- | SATA 3 Receive Pair - | DP-I | — | Optional instead of SATA1 |
| B27 | WDT | Watch Dog Time-Out event | O-3.3 | PD 10K | — |
| B28 | HDA_SDIN2/SNDW0_CLK | Not Connected / SoundWire Clock | NC / IO-1.8 | — | Not supported / Stuffing option |
| B29 | HDA_SDIN1/SNDW0_DAT | Audio Codec Serial Data In 1 / SoundWire Bidirectional Data | I-3.3 / I/O-1.8 | — | — / Stuffing option |
| B30 | HDA_SDIN0 | Audio Codec Serial Data In 0 | I-3.3 | — | — |
| B31 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B32 | SPKR | Speaker | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| B33 | I2C_CLK | I2C Clock | O-3.3 | PU 2k21 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B34 | I2C_DAT | I2C Data | I/O-3.3 | PU 2k21 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B35 | THRM# | Over Temperature Input | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S0) | — |
| B36 | USB7- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 7 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B37 | USB7+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 7 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B38 | USB_4_5_OC# | USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 4/5 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B39 | USB5- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 5 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B40 | USB5+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 5 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B41 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B42 | USB3- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 3 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B43 | USB3+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 3 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| B44 | USB_0_1_OC# | USB Overcurrent Indicator Port 0/1 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B45 | USB1- | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 1 - | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B46 | USB1+ | USB 2.0 Data Pair Port 1 + | DP-I/O | PD 14.25k to 24.8k in PCH | — |
| B47 | ESPI_EN# | Enable/Disable ESPI-Mode/LPC-Mode | I-3.3 | PU 10k 1.8V (S5) | — |
| B48 | USB0_HOST_PRSENT | Not Connected | NC | PD 10k | — |
| B49 | SYS_RESET# | Reset Button Input | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B50 | CB_RESET# | Carrier Board Reset | O-3.3 | PD 10k | — |
| B51 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B52 | PCIE_RX5+ | PCI Express Lane 5 Receive + | NC | — | Optional if no GbE / with PCIe Switch |
| B53 | PCIE_RX5- | PCI Express Lane 5 Receive - | NC | — | Optional if no GbE / with PCIe Switch |
| B54 | GPO1 | General Purpose Output 1 | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| B55 | PCIE_RX4+ | PCI Express Lane 4 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| B56 | PCIE_RX4- | PCI Express Lane 4 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| B57 | GPO2 | General Purpose Output 2 | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| B58 | PCIE_RX3+ | PCI Express Lane 3 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| B59 | PCIE_RX3- | PCI Express Lane 3 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| B60 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B61 | PCIE_RX2+ | PCI Express Lane 2 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| B62 | PCIE_RX2- | PCI Express Lane 2 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| B63 | GPO3 | General Purpose Output 3 | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| B64 | PCIE_RX1+ | PCI Express Lane 1 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| B65 | PCIE_RX1- | PCI Express Lane 1 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| B66 | WAKE0# | PCI Express Wake Event | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B67 | WAKE1# | General Purpose Wake Event | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B68 | PCIE_RX0+ | PCI Express Lane 0 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------|---|-------------|------------------|--|
| B69 | PCIE_RX0- | PCI Express Lane 0 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| B70 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B71 | LVDS_B0+ | LVDS Channel B DAT0+ | DP-O | — | — |
| B72 | LVDS_B0- | LVDS Channel B DAT0- | DP-O | — | — |
| B73 | LVDS_B1+ | LVDS Channel B DAT1+ | DP-O | — | — |
| B74 | LVDS_B1- | LVDS Channel B DAT1- | DP-O | — | — |
| B75 | LVDS_B2+ | LVDS Channel B DAT2+ | DP-O | — | — |
| B76 | LVDS_B2- | LVDS Channel B DAT2- | DP-O | — | — |
| B77 | LVDS_B3+ | LVDS Channel B DAT3+ | DP-O | — | — |
| B78 | LVDS_B3- | LVDS Channel B DAT3- | DP-O | — | — |
| B79 | LVDS_BKLT_EN | LVDS / eDP Panel Backlight On | O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| B80 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B81 | LVDS_B_CK+ | LVDS Channel B Clock+ | DP-O | — | 20-80MHz |
| B82 | LVDS_B_CK- | LVDS Channel B Clock- | DP-O | — | 20-80MHz |
| B83 | LVDS_BKLT_CTRL | LVDS / eDP Backlight Brightness Control | O-3.3 | — | — |
| B84 | VCC_5V_SBY | 5V Standby | PWR 5V (S5) | — | Optional (not necessary in single supply mode) |
| B85 | VCC_5V_SBY | 5V Standby | PWR 5V (S5) | — | Optional (not necessary in single supply mode) |
| B86 | VCC_5V_SBY | 5V Standby | PWR 5V (S5) | — | Optional (not necessary in single supply mode) |
| B87 | VCC_5V_SBY | 5V Standby | PWR 5V (S5) | — | Optional (not necessary in single supply mode) |
| B88 | BIOS_DIS1# | BIOS Selection Strap 1 | I-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B89 | VGA_RED | CRT_RED / Analog Video RGB-RED | OA | PD 150R | Only with VGA Option |
| B90 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B91 | VGA_GRN | Analog Video RGB-GREEN | OA | PD 150R | Only with VGA Option |
| B92 | VGA_BLU | Analog Video RGB-BLUE | OA | PD 150R | Only with VGA Option |
| B93 | VGA_HSYNC | Analog Video H-Sync | O-3.3 | — | Only with VGA Option |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------|------------------|---|
| B94 | VGA_VSYNC | Analog Video V-Sync | O-3.3 | — | Only with VGA Option |
| B95 | VGA_I2C_CK | Display Data Channel Clock | I/O-5 | PU 4k7 3.3V (S0) | Only with VGA Option |
| B96 | VGA_I2C_DAT | Display Data Channel Data | I/O-5 | PU 4k7 3.3V (S0) | Only with VGA Option |
| B97 | SPI_CS# | SPI Chip Select | O-3.3 | PU 10k 3.3V (S5) | — |
| B98 | GP_SPI_MISO | General Purpose SPI Data In | I-3.3 | — | — |
| B99 | GP_SPI_CK | General Purpose SPI Clock | O-3.3 | — | — |
| B100 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| B101 | FAN_PWMOUT | Fan PWM Output | O-3.3 | — | 20V protection circuit implemented on module, PD on carrier board needed for proper operation |
| B102 | FAN_TACHIN | Fan Tach Input | I-3.3 | PU 47k 3.3V (S0) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| B103 | SLEEP# | Sleep Button Input | I-3.3 | PU 47k 3.3V (S5) | 20V protection circuit implemented on module |
| B104 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B105 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B106 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B107 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B108 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B109 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| B110 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

Table 41: Connector J1 Pins B1 - B110

4.4 Connector J2 Pinout

4.4.1 Pins C1 - C110

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|---|
| C1 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C2 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C3 | USB_SSRX0- | USB Super Speed Receive 0 - | DP-I | — | — |
| C4 | USB_SSRX0+ | USB Super Speed Receive 0 + | DP-I | — | — |
| C5 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C6 | USB_SSRX1- | USB Super Speed Receive 1 - | DP-I | — | — |
| C7 | USB_SSRX1+ | USB Super Speed Receive 1 + | DP-I | — | — |
| C8 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C9 | USB_SSRX2- | USB Super Speed Receive 2 - | DP-I | — | — |
| C10 | USB_SSRX2+ | USB Super Speed Receive 2 + | DP-I | — | — |
| C11 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C12 | USB_SSRX3- | USB Super Speed Receive 3 - | DP-I | — | — |
| C13 | USB_SSRX3+ | USB Super Speed Receive 3 + | DP-I | — | — |
| C14 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C15 | USB4_1_LSTX | USB4 Side-Band TX Interface | O-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| C16 | USB4_1_LSRX | USB4 Side-Band RX Interface | I-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| C17 | USB4_RT_ENA | USB4 Retimer Enable | O-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| C18 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C19 | PCIE_RX6+ | PCI Express Lane 6 Receive + | NC | — | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|---------------------------------|---|---------|-------------------|--|
| C20 | PCIE_RX6- | PCI Express Lane 6 Receive - | NC | — | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| C21 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C22 | PCIE_RX7+ | PCI Express Lane 7 Receive + | NC | — | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| C23 | PCIE_RX7- | PCI Express Lane 7 Receive - | NC | — | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| C24 | DDI1_HPD | DDI1 Hotplug Detect | I-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| C25 | SML0_CLK | System Management Link 0 Clock | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C26 | SML0_DAT | System Management Link 0 Data | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C27 | SML1_CLK | System Management Link 1 Clock | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C28 | SML1_DAT | System Management Link 1 Data | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C29 | USB4_PD_I2C_CLK | I2C to USB4 PD Controller Clock | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C30 | USB4_PD_I2C_DAT | I2C to USB4 PD Controller Data | IO33-OD | PU 3.3V (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C31 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C32 | DDI2_CTRLCLK_AUX+/\USB4_2_AUX+ | Display Port AUX+ or Display Data Channel Clock | I/O-3.3 | PD 100k | USB4 not supported by default |
| C33 | DDI2_CTRLDATA_AUX-/\USB4_2_AUX- | Display Port AUX- or Display Data Channel Data | I/O-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | USB4 not supported by default |
| C34 | DDI2_DDC_AUX_SEL | DDI2 DDC/AUX select | I-3.3 | PD 1M | — |
| C35 | USB4_2_LSTX | USB4 Side-Band TX interface | O-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| C36 | DDI3_CTRLCLK_AUX+ | DDI3 CTRLCLK/AUX+ | I/O-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| C37 | DDI3_CTRLDATA_AUX- | DDI3 CTRLDATA/AUX- | I/O-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| C38 | DDI3_DDC_AUX_SEL | DDI3 DDC/AUX select | I-3.3 | PD 1M | — |
| C39 | DDI3_PAIR0+ | DDI3 Pair 0 + | DP-O | — | — |
| C40 | DDI3_PAIR0- | DDI3 Pair 0 - | DP-O | — | — |
| C41 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C42 | DDI3_PAIR1+ | DDI3 Pair 1 + | DP-O | — | — |
| C43 | DDI3_PAIR1- | DDI3 Pair 1 - | DP-O | — | — |
| C44 | DDI3_HPD | DDI3 Hotplug Detect | I-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| C45 | GP_SPI_CS# | General Purpose SPI Chip Select | O-3.3 | — | — |
| C46 | DDI3_PAIR2+ | DDI3 Pair 2 + | DP-O | — | — |
| C47 | DDI3_PAIR2- | DDI3 Pair 2 - | DP-O | — | — |
| C48 | RSVD | Reserved for future use | NC | — | — |
| C49 | DDI3_PAIR3+ | DDI3 Pair 3 + | DP-O | — | — |
| C50 | DDI3_PAIR3- | DDI3 Pair 3 - | DP-O | — | — |
| C51 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C52 | PEG_RX0+ | PEG Lane 0 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| C53 | PEG_RX0- | PEG Lane 0 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| C54 | TYPE0# | Not connected for type 6 module | NC | — | — |
| C55 | PEG_RX1+ | PEG Lane 1 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| C56 | PEG_RX1- | PEG Lane 1 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| C57 | TYPE1# | Not connected for type 6 module | NC | — | — |
| C58 | PEG_RX2+ | PEG Lane 2 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| C59 | PEG_RX2- | PEG Lane 2 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| C60 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C61 | PEG_RX3+ | PEG Lane 3 Receive + | DP-I | — | — |
| C62 | PEG_RX3- | PEG Lane 3 Receive - | DP-I | — | — |
| C63 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C64 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------|------------------------------|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| C65 | PEG_RX4+ | PEG Lane 4 Receive + | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C66 | PEG_RX4- | PEG Lane 4 Receive - | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C67 | RAPID_SHUTDOWN | Rapid Shutdown Trigger Input | NC | — | — |
| C68 | PEG_RX5+ | PEG Lane 5 Receive + | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C69 | PEG_RX5- | PEG Lane 5 Receive - | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C70 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C71 | PEG_RX6+ | PEG Lane 6 Receive + | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C72 | PEG_RX6- | PEG Lane 6 Receive - | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C73 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C74 | PEG_RX7+ | PEG Lane 7 Receive + | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C75 | PEG_RX7- | PEG Lane 7 Receive - | DP-I | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVMe |
| C76 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C77 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C78 | PEG_RX8+ | PEG Lane 8 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C79 | PEG_RX8- | PEG Lane 8 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C80 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C81 | PEG_RX9+ | PEG Lane 9 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------|-----------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| C82 | PEG_RX9- | PEG Lane 9 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C83 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C84 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C85 | PEG_RX10+ | PEG Lane 10 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C86 | PEG_RX10- | PEG Lane 10 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C87 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C88 | PEG_RX11+ | PEG Lane 11 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C89 | PEG_RX11- | PEG Lane 11 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C90 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C91 | PEG_RX12+ | PEG Lane 12 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C92 | PEG_RX12- | PEG Lane 12 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C93 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C94 | PEG_RX13+ | PEG Lane 13 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C95 | PEG_RX13- | PEG Lane 13 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C96 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C97 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C98 | PEG_RX14+ | PEG Lane 14 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C99 | PEG_RX14- | PEG Lane 14 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C100 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C101 | PEG_RX15+ | PEG Lane 15 Receive + | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C102 | PEG_RX15- | PEG Lane 15 Receive - | DP-I | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| C103 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| C104 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| C105 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| C106 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| C107 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| C108 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| C109 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| C110 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

Table 42: Connector J2 Pins C1 - C110

4.4.2 Pins D1 - D110

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|---------------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------|--|
| D1 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D2 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D3 | USB_SSTX0- | USB Super Speed Transmit 0 - | DP-O | — | — |
| D4 | USB_SSTX0+ | USB Super Speed Transmit 0 + | DP-O | — | — |
| D5 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D6 | USB_SSTX1- | USB Super Speed Transmit 1 - | DP-O | — | — |
| D7 | USB_SSTX1+ | USB Super Speed Transmit 1 + | DP-O | — | — |
| D8 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D9 | USB_SSTX2- | USB Super Speed Transmit 2 - | DP-O | — | — |
| D10 | USB_SSTX2+ | USB Super Speed Transmit 2 + | DP-O | — | — |
| D11 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D12 | USB_SSTX3- | USB Super Speed Transmit 3 - | DP-O | — | — |
| D13 | USB_SSTX3+ | USB Super Speed Transmit 3 + | DP-O | — | — |
| D14 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D15 | DDI1_CTRLCLK_AUX+/\USB4_1_AUX+ | Display Port AUX+ or Display Data Channel Clock | I/O-3.3 | PD 100k | USB4 not supported by default |
| D16 | DDI1_CTRLDATA_AUX-/\USB4_1_AUX- | Display Port AUX- or Display Data Channel Data | I/O-3.3 | PU 100k 3.3V (S0) | USB4 not supported by default |
| D17 | USB4_PD_I2C_ALERT# | I2C Alert from PD Controller | I-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D18 | PMCALERT# | Alert from Carrier PD Controller (associated with SML1) | I-3.3 | 10K PU (S5) | USB4 not supported by default |
| D19 | PCIE_TX6+ | PCI Express Lane 6 Transmit + | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------------------|---|---------|----------------------|--|
| D20 | PCIE_TX6- | PCI Express Lane 6 Transmit - | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| D21 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D22 | PCIE_TX7+ | PCI Express Lane 7 Transmit + | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| D23 | PCIE_TX7- | PCI Express Lane 7 Transmit - | NC | AC Coupled on Module | Optional if no SATA / with PCIe Switch |
| D24 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D25 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D26 | DDI1_PAIR0+/\USB4_1_SSTX0+ | DDI1 Pair 0 + / USB4 1 Data Transmit Pair 0 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D27 | DDI1_PAIR0-/\USB4_1_SSTX0- | DDI1 Pair 0 - / USB4 1 Data Transmit Pair 0 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D28 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D29 | DDI1_PAIR1+/\USB4_1_SSRX0+ | DDI1 Pair 1 + / USB4 1 Data Receive Pair 0 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D30 | DDI1_PAIR1-/\USB4_1_SSRX0- | DDI1 Pair 1 - / USB4 1 Data Receive Pair 0 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D31 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D32 | DDI1_PAIR2+/\USB4_1_SSTX1+ | DDI1 Pair 2 + / USB4 1 Data Transmit Pair 1 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D33 | DDI1_PAIR2-/\USB4_1_SSTX1- | DDI1 Pair 2 - / USB4 1 Data Transmit Pair 1 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D34 | DDI1_DDC_AUX_SEL | DDI1 DDC/AUX select | I-3.3 | PD 1M | — |
| D35 | USB4_2_LSRX | USB4 Side-Band RX Interface | I-3.3 | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D36 | DDI1_PAIR3+/\USB4_1_SSRX1+ | DDI1 Pair 3 + / USB4 1 Data Receive Pair 1 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D37 | DDI1_PAIR3-/\USB4_1_SSRX1- | DDI1 Pair 3 - / USB4 1 Data Receive Pair 1 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D38 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------------------------|---|------------|-------------------------|---|
| D39 | DDI2_PAIR0+/\USB4_2_SSTX0+ | DDI2 Pair 0 + / USB4 2 Data Transmit Pair 0 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D40 | DDI2_PAIR0-/\USB4_2_SSTX0- | DDI2 Pair 0 - / USB4 2 Data Transmit Pair 0 | DP-O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D41 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D42 | DDI2_PAIR1+/\USB4_2_SSRX0+ | DDI2 Pair 1 + / USB4 2 Data Receive Pair 0 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D43 | DDI2_PAIR1-/\USB4_2_SSRX0- | DDI2 Pair 1 - / USB4 2 Data Receive Pair 0 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D44 | DDI2_HPDP | DDI2 Hotplug Detect | I-3.3 | PD 100k | — |
| D45 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D46 | DDI2_PAIR2+/\USB4_2_SSTX1+ | DDI2 Pair 2 + / USB4 2 Data Transmit Pair 1 | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | USB4 not supported by default |
| D47 | DDI2_PAIR2-/\USB4_2_SSTX1- | DDI2 Pair 2 - / USB4 2 Data Transmit Pair 1 | DP-O | AC Coupled on Module | USB4 not supported by default |
| D48 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D49 | DDI2_PAIR3+/\USB4_2_SSRX1+ | DDI2 Pair 3 + / USB4 2 Data Receive Pair 1 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D50 | DDI2_PAIR3-/\USB4_2_SSRX1- | DDI2 Pair 3 - / USB4 2 Data Receive Pair 1 | DP-I/O | — | USB4 not supported by default |
| D51 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D52 | PEG_TX0+ | PEG Lane 0 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |
| D53 | PEG_TX0- | PEG Lane 0 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| D54 | PEG_LANE_RV# | PEG Lane Reversal input strap | I-3.3 | PU 10K 3.3V (S0) | Pull low on the carrier board to reverse lane order |
| D55 | PEG_TX1+ | PEG Lane 1 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |
| D56 | PEG_TX1- | PEG Lane 1 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| D57 | TYPE2# | GND for type 6 module | PWR | — | — |
| D58 | PEG_TX2+ | PEG Lane 2 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|-----|----------|-----------------------|---------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| D59 | PEG_TX2- | PEG Lane 2 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| D60 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D61 | PEG_TX3+ | PEG Lane 3 Transmit + | DP-O | — | — |
| D62 | PEG_TX3- | PEG Lane 3 Transmit - | DP-O | — | — |
| D63 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D64 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D65 | PEG_TX4+ | PEG Lane 4 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D66 | PEG_TX4- | PEG Lane 4 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D67 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D68 | PEG_TX5+ | PEG Lane 5 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D69 | PEG_TX5- | PEG Lane 5 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D70 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D71 | PEG_TX6+ | PEG Lane 6 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D72 | PEG_TX6- | PEG Lane 6 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D73 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D74 | PEG_TX7+ | PEG Lane 7 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |
| D75 | PEG_TX7- | PEG Lane 7 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Optionally connected to on-board NVME |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------|-----------|---------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| D76 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D77 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D78 | PEG_TX8+ | PEG Lane 8 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D79 | PEG_TX8- | PEG Lane 8 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D80 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D81 | PEG_TX9+ | PEG Lane 9 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D82 | PEG_TX9- | PEG Lane 9 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D83 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D84 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D85 | PEG_TX10+ | PEG Lane 10 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D86 | PEG_TX10- | PEG Lane 10 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D87 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D88 | PEG_TX11+ | PEG Lane 11 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D89 | PEG_TX11- | PEG Lane 11 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D90 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D91 | PEG_TX12+ | PEG Lane 12 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D92 | PEG_TX12- | PEG Lane 12 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D93 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D94 | PEG_TX13+ | PEG Lane 13 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D95 | PEG_TX13- | PEG Lane 13 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D96 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D97 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D98 | PEG_TX14+ | PEG Lane 14 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D99 | PEG_TX14- | PEG Lane 14 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D100 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

| Pin | Signal | Description | Type | Termination | Comment |
|------|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| D101 | PEG_TX15+ | PEG Lane 15 Transmit + | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D102 | PEG_TX15- | PEG Lane 15 Transmit - | DP-O | — | Only on H-series SKUs |
| D103 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |
| D104 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D105 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D106 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D107 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D108 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D109 | VCC_12V | Main Input Voltage (8.5-20V) | PWR 8.5-20V | — | — |
| D110 | GND | Power Ground | PWR GND | — | — |

Table 43: Connector J2 Pins D1 - D110

5. UEFI BIOS

5.1 Starting the UEFI BIOS

The COMe-bRP6 uses a Kontron-customized, pre-installed and configured version of AMI Aptio® V BIOS based on the Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) specification and the Intel® Platform Innovation Framework for EFI.

The UEFI BIOS provides a variety of new and enhanced functions specifically tailored to the hardware features of the COMe-bRP6.



This chapter provides an overview of the BIOS and its setup. A more detailed listing and description of all BIOS setup nodes can be found in the BIOS file package available on our [Customer Section](#). Please register there to get access to BIOS downloads and Product Change Notifications.

The UEFI BIOS comes with a Setup program that provides quick and easy access to the individual function settings for control or modification of the default configuration. The Setup program allows access to various menus resp. sub-menus that provide the specific functions.

To start the UEFI BIOS Setup program, follow the steps below:

1. Power on the board
2. Wait until the first characters appear on the screen (POST messages or splash screen)
3. Press the key
4. If the UEFI BIOS is password-protected, a request for password will appear. Enter either the User Password or the Supervisor Password
5. The Setup menu appears

5.2 Navigating the UEFI BIOS

The COMe-bRP6 UEFI BIOS Setup program uses a hot key navigation system with a corresponding legend bar displayed on the setup screens. The following table provides a list of navigation hot keys available in the legend bar.

| Hot Key | Description |
|------------|---|
| <F1> | <F1> key invokes the General Help window |
| < - > | <Minus> key selects the next lower value within a field |
| <+> | <Plus> key selects the next higher value within a field |
| <F2> | <F2> key loads previous values |
| <F3> | <F3> key loads optimized defaults |
| <F4> | <F4> key Saves and Exits |
| <←> or <→> | <Left/Right> arrows select major Setup menus on menu bar, for example, Main or Advanced |
| <↑> or <↓> | <Up/Down> arrows select fields in the current menu, for example, Setup function or sub-screen |
| <ESC> | <ESC> key exits a major Setup menu and enters the Exit Setup menu. Pressing the <ESC> key in a sub-menu displays the next higher menu level |
| <RETURN> | <RETURN> key executes a command or selects a sub-menu |

Table 44: Navigation Hot Keys Available in the Legend Bar

5.3 Setup Menus

The Setup utility features a selection bar at the top of the screen that lists the menus



Figure 10: Setup Menu Selection Bar

The Setup menus available for the COMe-bRP6 are:

- Main
- Advanced
- Chipset
- Security
- Boot
- Save & Exit

The currently active menu is highlighted in grey, the currently active UEFI BIOS Setup item in white. Use the left and right arrow keys to select the Setup menu.

Each Setup menu provides two main frames. The left frame displays all available functions and configurable ones are displayed in blue. Functions displayed in grey provide information about the status or the operational configuration.

5.4 Getting Help

The right frame displays a help window. The help window provides an explanation of the respective function.

5.5 UEFI Shell

The Kontron UEFI BIOS features a built-in and enhanced version of the UEFI Shell. For a detailed description of the available standard shell scripting, refer to the EFI Shell User Guide. For a detailed description of the available standard shell commands, refer to the EFI Shell Command Manual. Both documents can be downloaded from the EFI and Framework Open Source Community homepage: <http://sourceforge.net/projects/efi-shell/files/documents/>.



Kontron UEFI BIOS does not provide all shell commands described in the EFI Shell Command Manual.

5.5.1 Entering the UEFI Shell

To enter the UEFI Shell, follow the steps below:

1. Power on the board
2. Press the <F7> key (instead of) to display a choice of boot devices
3. Select 'UEFI: Built-in EFI shell'

```
UEFI Interactive Shell v2.2
EDK II / Kontron add-on v0.3
UEFI v2.80 (American Megatrends, 0x0005001A)
map: No mapping found.
```

1. Press the <ESC> key within 5 seconds to skip startup.nsh or any other key to continue
2. The output produced by the device-mapping table can vary depending on the board's configuration
3. If the <ESC> key is pressed before the 5 second timeout elapses, the shell prompt is shown:

```
Shell>
```

5.5.2 Exiting the UEFI Shell

To exit the UEFI Shell, follow one of the steps below:

- Use the **exit** UEFI Shell command to select the boot device, in the Boot menu, that the OS boots from
- Reset the board using the **reset** UEFI Shell command
- Press the reset button of the board or power down/up the board

5.6 UEFI Shell Scripting

5.6.1 Startup Scripting

If the <ESC> key is not pressed and the timeout has run out, then the UEFI Shell automatically tries to execute some startup scripts. The UEFI shell searches for scripts and executes them in the following order:

1. Initially searches for Kontron flash-stored startup script
2. If there is no Kontron flash-stored startup script present, then the UEFI-specified **startup.nsh** script is used. This script must be located on the root of any of the attached FAT-formatted disk drives
3. If none of the startup scripts are present or the startup script terminates then the default boot order is continued

5.6.2 Create a Startup Script

Startup scripts can be created using the UEFI Shell built-in editor **edit** or under any OS with a plain text editor of your choice.

5.6.3 Example of Startup Scripts

Execute Shell Script on other Harddrive

This example (**startup.nsh**) executes the shell script named **bootme.nsh** located in the root of the first detected disk drive (**fs0**).

```
fs0:  
bootme.nsh
```

5.7 Firmware Update

Firmware updates are typically delivered as a ZIP archive. Please find the latest available BIOS-ZIP archive on [Kontron's Customer Section](#). Further information about the firmware update procedure can be found in the included "flash_instruction.txt"-file.



Register to [Kontron's Customer Section](#) to get access to BIOS downloads, additional documentation and Product Change Notification service.

6. Technical Support

For technical support contact our Support Department:

| | |
|----------------|----------------------|
| E-Mail: | support@kontron.com |
| Phone: | +49 (0) 821 4086-888 |

Make sure you have the following information available when you call:

- Product ID Number (PN)
- Serial Number (SN)
- Module's revision
- Operating System and Kernel/Build version
- Software modifications
- Additional connected hardware/full description of hardware set up



The Serial Number can be found on the Type Label, located on the product.

Be ready to explain the nature of your problem to the service technician.

6.1 Warranty

Due to their limited service life, parts that by their nature are subject to a particularly high degree of wear (wearing parts) are excluded from the warranty beyond that provided by law.



If there is a protection label on your product, then the warranty is lost if the product is opened.

6.2 Returning Defective Material

All equipment returned to Kontron must have a Return of Material Authorization (RMA) number assigned exclusively by Kontron. Kontron cannot be held responsible for any loss or damage caused to the equipment received without an RMA number. The buyer accepts responsibility for all freight charges for the return of goods to Kontron's designated facility. Kontron will pay the return freight charges back to the buyer's location in the event that the equipment is repaired or replaced within the stipulated warranty period. Follow these steps before returning any product to Kontron:

1. Visit the RMA Information website: [RMA Information - Kontron Europe and Asia](#)
2. Download the RMA Request sheet for **Kontron Europe GmbH** and fill out the form. Take care to include a short detailed description of the observed problem or failure and to include the

product identification information (Name of product, Product Number and Serial Number). If a delivery includes more than one product, fill out the above information in the RMA Request form for each product.

3. Send the completed RMA-Request form to the fax or email address given below at Kontron Europe GmbH.
Kontron will provide an RMA-Number.

Kontron Europe GmbH
RMA Support
Phone: +49 (0) 821 4086-0
Fax: +49 (0) 821 4086-111
Email: service@kontron.com

4. The goods for repair must be packed properly for shipping, considering shock and ESD protection.



Goods returned to Kontron Europe GmbH in non-proper packaging will be considered as customer caused faults and cannot be accepted as warranty repairs.

5. Include the RMA-Number with the shipping paperwork and send the product to the delivery address provided in the RMA form or received from Kontron RMA Support.

7. Document Revision

The following table shows the revision of this document.

| Revision | Author | Date | Comment |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| 0.1 | ZEV | 2023-11-30 | Initial preliminary release |
| 1.0 | ZEV | 2024-01-02 | Added MTBF value; Document release |
| 1.1 | ZEV | 2024-04-18 | Updated pin-out list; Added DTR information in chapter 3.3.5 |

Table 45: Document Revision Table